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VOL. 43 EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1909. NO. 12.

A Cord of Wood is a Variable Quantity.

When is a cord not a cord?

To the farmer harvesting the small woodlot and to the man laying in logs for the large fireplace of his country or seaside home; to the paper manufacturer buying pulpwood and to the proprietor of the ordinary city woodyard, to all of these men this question has an important dollar-and-cents meaning.

Queer to say, and contrary to the belief of most people, there are many times when a cord is less than a cord, and many conditions when it is more. School arithmetics say that a cord of wood is 128 cubic feet, or the contents of a pile eight feet long, four feet high and four feet wide. Wood is marketed on this basis. A pile whose length, breadth, and height multiplied together gives this number of cubic feet fills this requirement, no matter whether the sticks are long or short, straight or crooked, round or split, unless there is an understanding to the contrary. Nevertheless, a cord, though it comes up to legal measurements, is an uncertain quantity, even when the seller is honest and the buyer satisfied.

A lumberman may have a tract of pulpwood which he sells to a paper mill at $5 a cord, for as many cords as it will make. It is in the contract that he shall cut and stack it. He cuts it in 12 foot lengths, and when the job is complete, it measures 200 cords, and he receives $1,000 for it. Would he have made or lost by cutting 4 foot lengths instead of 12?

He would have lost in the first place from the additional labor required to cut four foot wood, but his principal loss would have resulted from a greatly dimished number of cubic feet, due to the fact that short sticks lie closer together than large.

Measurements and expermental tests have been made to ascertain exactly how much wood is in cords of different lengths, sizes, shapes and species.

Had the 200 cords of 12 foot wood been cut in 4 foot lengths, there would have been only 176 cords, and the owner would have received for it $880 instead of $1,000. It was, therefore, clearly to his advantage to cut 12 foot lengths, but it would have been to the buyer's advantage to have it cut in 4 foot lengths. He would have received the same actual quantity of wood for $120 less.

It also makes considerable difference to the seller whether wood is chopped or sawed. If chopped, the chips are lost. Where the logs are large this loss amounts to no small total. In a cord of 4 foot wood, with sticks 6 inches in diameter, the chip loss is from six to eight per cent; and of course, the shorter the sticks are cut the greater the loss. If the wood is sawed, the sawdust loss is scarcely the half of one per cent.

The difference due to spaces between the sticks of course depends very much on the shape and size of the sticks. Straight, smooth sticks lie close together, and a cord contains more wood and less air. For given lengths, sticks of softwoods are usually straighter and smoother, and when stacked lie closer together. But whatever the kind, cords of long sticks are pretty sure to contain more empty space than cords made of short pieces. Likewise, cords of split wood contain less than cords of round sticks. The finer the wood is split, the more it makes. Hence wood dealers are often willing to sell kindlings, all sawed and split, for the same price per cord as unsplit wood. They get back the cost of labor in the increased bulk.

A cord (128 cubic feet) of 4 foot hardwood usually contains about 83 cubic feet of solid wood; a cord of 3 foot wood averages 83½ cubic feet; of 2 foot wood, 84 feet, and of 1 foot wood 85 feet. The conifers, softwoods, contain 90 to 96 cubic feet. Thus the purchaser received ou an average about two-thirds of a cord of real wood and one-third of a cord of spaces.

In some countries wood is bought by weight, and the buyer comes more nearly getting what he bargains for; but even then he may miss it if he recieves green wood when he wants dry. According to timber testing engineers of United States Forest Service, wood may loss half or more its green weight in seasoning. Cedar for lead pencils is bought by weight in this country. The pieces are so small and of such irregular size that they can not conveniently be stacked and measured as cordwood.

The bulk of nearly all woods decreases as seasoning goes on. A hundred cords green will make from 89 to 93 cords when dry. This is a factor of no small importance to dealers who handle large quantities.

Woodlot owners and farmers who have small forest tracts from which they expect to sell cordwood, are no less interested than contractors who buy and sell large quantities. It will stand them in hand to know how much difference it makes whether wood is cut long or short, chopped or sawed, whether the sticks are round or split, whether large or small, and whether the measurements are to made while the wood is green or after it is seasoned.

Judge Hall Gives Boys Some Fatherly Advice.

On Saturday afternoon a session of juvenile court was held, there being a number of Flemington boys under the age of 16 years who had been indicted for breaking into boat houses at that place and purloining therefrom articles of no great value to themselves, but with which the owners of the same were loath to part.

When the cases were called the attorney for the defense stated that one of the accused was over the legal age for trial at this court and he was accordingly held for the general session in July. To the great surprise of those in the court room at the time Judge Hall cast aside the dignity of the court, stepped from the bench and seated himself on a chair at the side of the other two lads. For some time this learned jourist gave them a heart to heart talk, saying that he did not desire to punish them, but that in learning of the circumstances surrounding the case and some other information about them he feft that they should be placed in some institution where they might learn a trade that would be of benefit to them when once thrown upon the world on their own resources, and at the same time acquire an education that would prove of value to them in after life. After speaking in a fatherly manner Judge Hall returned to his accustomed place and ordered the lads to be sent to a reformatory, promising to visit them on a future date and if they showed him an inclination to follow the straight and narrow path, he would ask for their release in due time. In the meantime he made a personal request that both of the youthful prisoners write him a weekly letter stating their likes, dislkes and experiences at the institution to where they were committed. This action of the presiding judge impressed the spectators equally as much as it did the two boys.--Lock Haven Daily Express.

Teachers Examinations.

The Cameron County Teachers Examinations for 1909, will be as follows:

Sinnamahoning.....May 18.
Driftwood,.....May 19.
Sterling Run,.....May 20.
Emporium,.....May 21.
Emporium,.....June 25.

Teachers examination in Theory of Teaching will be based on the Reading Course. Examinations will begin at 8:30 a. m. Applicants will provide themselves with pencil, paper and stamped envelope. Persons under 18 years of age will not receive valid certificate.

MATTIE M. COLLINS,
County Superintendent.

WILL NOT REDUCE WAGES.

Improvement in Iron and Steel Industry Renders it Necessary.

On account of the big improvement in the iron and steel industry, which has resulted in greatly increased tonnage for all the trunk lines, it was stated officially yesterday that the wages of railroad employees will not be reduced, as planned a few weeks ago, says the Pittsburg Post. Some of the initial lines had prepared a new schedule of wages, which provided for a general reduction of about 10 per cent. It was originally intended to make the change effective about May 15 or June 1.

During the last two weeks the gain in tonnage has been greater than for any similar period in the last 18 months. For the first 22 days of this month one local road showed an increase of 22,000 loaded cars over the same period last year.

In connection with the present situation local officials refer to one year ago to-day, when there were 413,000 idle freight cars in this country, representing an investment of $413,000 as compared with about 265,000 idle cars at present.

First Presbyterian Church.

Paul J. Lux, Pastor.

Morning Worship 10:30, Sermon: Weary in Well Doing. Sunday School 11:45 a. m.; Junior Endeavor 2:00 p. m.; Christian Endeavor 6:30 p. m.; Evening Sermon 7:30. Third Sermon on Home Life. Subject: Boy's Best Friend. A cordial welcome to all to worship with us.

The Resnad Club.

One of the most enjoyable dances given at Emporium for some time, was held last Monday evening by the Resnad Club, at the Opera House. The club is composed of Emporium's most popular young men and when accompanied by Emporium's beautiful fair sex, a good time is sure to follow. Through the painstaking efforts of the President of the club, Mr. James Cavanaugh and his worthy assistants, the dance and reception was made the success that it was. The Germania Orchestra, of Lock Haven, furnished the music for the occcasion and those who tripped the light fantastic are loud in the praise of these fine musicians. The programmes, numbering twenty-four dances, were small and arranged in new order and were very neat and attractive and were printed at the PRESS office. When half through the programme the entire party, numbering about 100, repaired to the New Warner, where mine host H. W. Smith had prepared an elaborate luncheon, to which all did ample justice. After refreshments, dancing was resumed and continued until the "wee sma'" hours. The opera house was very tastefully decorated, the work being in charge of Mrs. B. G. Erskine and Misses Edna Auchu and Christy MacDonald, who certainly deserve great credit. The first annual dance and reception of the Resnad Club is over, but very many pleasant thoughts will linger in the memories of those who attended.

The Archdeaconry of Erie.

The semi-annual meeting of the Archddaconry of Erie was held in the church of Our Saviour, DuBois, on Tuesday of last week. The Rev. J. M. Robertson of Emporium, was re-elected secretary. The following were elected members of the Missionary Board: The Rev. J. D. Hills, D. D., Oil City; the Rev. Martin Aigner, Franklin; the Rev. R. S. Radcliffe, Ridgway; Mr. Josiah Howard, Emporium, Mr. T. W. Shacklett, Erie, Mr. G. P. Brockway, Warren.

The principal matter under discussion at the meeting was the question of the division of the diocese, or the election of a bishop co-adjutor. The question of division has been before the diocese since 1892, but not until three years ago did it assume much prominence. Bishop Whitehead was consecrated in 1882 and has seen twenty-seven years of faithful, arduous and efficient service. The work has expanded and the demands upon the Bishop's services have become so great that he has felt amply justified in demanding some measure of relief, either through the division of the diocese, or through the election of a co-adjutor. The latter alternative does not seem to meet with general favor. At the DuBois meeting the following action was taken: "Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting of the Archdeaconry of Erie that the Diocese of Pittsburgh be divided and such further steps be taken as will insure and accomplish the division." This resolution will be reported to the Diocesan Convention which will meet in Pittsburgh next Wednesday. What action will be taken by the convention remains to be seen.

Company M, Notes.

Major Bliss expects to visit Emporium, in a week or two. When he comes he will take up the arrangements for the Battallion encampment at Sizerville. The date proposed is the last week in June.

A month ago the boys shipped a ton and a half of old magazines and newspapers to Buffalo and netted $14.53. They have begun to gather material for another shipment, which they expect to make in a few days. People are asked to save their waste newepapers and magazines and clean waste paper for the boys. Notify Lieut. Mark Ellis or Corporal W. H. Howard, Jr., and the paper will be called for. The economy of this method of raising money is evident. The money comes into the town from the outside, and nothing goes out for it except material that otherwise would be destroyed.

The grounds about Emmanuel church have recently been reseeded and rolled. The boys (and all other persons) are requested to keep off the lawn.

Of Interest to School Teachers.

The Shippen School Board will employ teachers for the coming school term on Monday, June 7th, after the organization of the new Board.

FRED K. ZIMMER, Sec'y.

Home Wanted.

For a girl 10 years of age, by the Children's Aid Society. Inquire of

MRS. ELIZABETH HINKLE, Sec'y.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

BARCLAY.

MRS. MARGARET ARABELLA LOCINA BROOKS, wife of Congressman Charles F. Barclay, of Sinnamahoning, whose death we briefly announced in our last issue, was laid at rest in the family lot on the banks of the picturesque Sinnamahoning, amid the scenes of her childhood, the funeral taking place Friday afternoon, April 30th, 1909. Rev. R. W. Runyon, pastor of M. E. Church, was in charge of the services at the family residence. A very large number of relatives and friends from out of town were in attendance at the funeral, but owing to heavy rains and the swelled condition of the streams many were prevented from showing that respect due the bereaved family.

Deceased was the second daughter of the late Hon. John Brooks; was born Aug. 18th, 1847, and is survived by her husband and the following brothers and sisters: Mr. V. A. Brooks, Mrs. D. J. Wykoff and Mrs. J. D. Shirk, Sinnamahoning; M. J. B. Brooks and M. N. U. L. Brooks, Driftwood; Mrs. A. H. Shafer, Ridgway, and J. W. Brooks, Arizona. Deceased was married to Hon. C. F. Barclay, Aug. 22, 1872 and died without issue. She had been a great sufferer for many years and last January was taken to the sanitarium at Elmira, hoping to receive some relief and have the best attention and care. All that money could purchase was secured to make her comfortable and every known physician of skill employed by the kind husband in his effort to restore her to sound health. But it was willed otherwise. While unable to take an active part in social or church duties she was ever ready to aid a worthy cause and was a charter member of the W. R. C., of Cameron county.

Our citizens all deeply sympathize with the family of the deceased, and especially with our Congressman, who was so gently patient and considerate to his loving life-mate, seeking to grant her every wish and comfort in the closing years of her life.

Boat Stranded.

Last Saturday, W. W. Knickerbocker and Ed. Extrom, employed at Emporium Powder Works, built a dog raft upon which they started for Emporium. With flying colors the craft rode majestically down the raging stream and all went grandly until the Capt. cried "look to your dinner pails, rocks ahead." The crash was mighty, the wreck was complete and into the mighty deep went the brave sailors. After a struggle they landed safely, like the unfortunate fishermen.

May Queen Contest.

The votes for the May Queen up to Wednesday evening are as follows:

Miss Marion Judd, 86 votes.
Miss Julia Bair, 57 votes.
Miss Carolyn Cox, 45 votes.
Miss Bessie McQuay, 36 votes.

Contest will close on Saturday evening at ten o'clock. Get all your votes in before that time.

Hackett—Mulcahy.

The marriage of Miss Sarah Hackett, of Drifwood, and Mr. James B. Mulcahy, of this place, was solemized in St. James Catholic Church, at Driftwood, by the Rev. Father McAvenue, priest in charge, at 7 o'clock last Tuesday morning. Miss Kate Hackett, sister of the bride, was bride's maid and Mr. John H. Mulcahy, brother of the groom, did the duties of best man. Only the immediate families witnessed the ceremony. They will spend their honeymoon at Philadelphia and other Eastern points. The bride is one of Driftwood's most estimable young ladies and has a host of friends, while the groom holds the responsible position as First Assistant Post Master in the office at this place and is a very exemplary young man. The PRESS and their many friends wish them unbounded happiness during their future life.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa., May 15th. If you can't see well or have headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he guarantees to cure all such cases. Lenses ground and fitted in old frames. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed.

For Rent.

The ladies of the M. E. Church have purchased a vacuum cleaner, which they will rent for $1.00 per one-half day, For particulars apply to

12-2t. MRS. GEO. METZGER, SR.

Just received latest style Straw Hats, at C. B. Howard & Co's.

May Queen Contest.

The contest for MayQueen closes Saturday night at ten o'clock. All votes must be placed in sealed envelopes and left at PRESS office, where Mrs. Mullin will be in waiting to receive them. No votes accepted after ten o'clock. As fast as the votes are received they are placed in the hands of Mrs. Jasper Harris. Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Eick and Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Harris, who will meet at the PRESS office Monday afternoon at two o'clock when the votes will be counted. Candidates may be present during the count if they wish.

Tickets for the Carnival are on sale at H. S. Lloyd's book store. Remember the date, Wednesday evening, May 12th, 1909, at eight o'clock.

Honor Roll.

Subscribers of the PRESS who have either called or sent and paid up subscriptions since our last statement are as follows:

Emporium:

N. J. Swartz, Norman Huller,
Andrew Warner, Harvey Tompkins,
Robert Robinson, John A. Johnston,
Joseph Kaye, M. F. Lucore,
Wade Spence, W. E. Angevine,
G. S. Piper, Norman McIntosh,
Staff Nelson, Geo. Baxter,
W. J. Rutz.

Blackwell, Pa.—Rev. W. H. Allen.
Sugar Grove, Pa.—Miss Hattie Russel.
Kingston, Fla.—Mrs. D. J. Bradshaw.
Manitowaning, Canada.—Mrs. T. W. McGreagor.
Stoneham, Pa.—Rant Moore.
Oliverea, N. Y.—Mrs. Isaac Wykoff.
Hicks Run, Pa.--J. H. Doty.
Bloomsburg, Pa.--Dr. A. W. Baker.
Hillsgrove, Pa.—H. L. Reidy.
Philadelphia, Pa.--Howard Murphy.
Sinnamahoning, Pa.—Jas. F. Logue.
Canoe Run, Pa.—F. L. Webster.
Salt Lake City, Utah.—Miss Lilly Card.
Laquin, Pa.—Wm. Beattie.

Home From Dakota.

Thos. McGrain, who has been in Custer, South Dakota, for a year or more, surprised his family Tuesday noon by walking in upon them. Mr. McGrain will visit with his family for three weeks, after which he will return to Custer, being employed at the gold mine, owned by Mr. Fred Julian, formerly of Emporium. His family will remain in Emporium. Mr. McGrain was a PRESS caller on Wednesday and assured us that our paper was a welcome caller each week at Mr. Julian's home, only missing two issues since they moved there. Glad to hear that Uncle Sam carries the old PRESS that great distance without losing more than two issues.

Will Locate in Harrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Johnston and son Lloyd and Mr. W. F. Lloyd will leave within the next week for Harrisburg where Mr. Johnston has secured a position with the Evangelical Publishing Co. Being a good workman and a steady, competent gentleman, as well as a good citizen we bespeak for him a prosperous career. Mr. W. F. Lloyd, his father-in-law, who has been in very poor health for over a year, will accompany his daughter and make his home with them. Mr. Lloyd has resided here for many years and was actively engaged in business until his health failed. His large circle of friends hope a change of climate may be beneficial to his heaith and that he may pass his remaining days in peace and ease, for he has certainly been a hard working gentleman ever since we knew him. The best wishes of the PRESS follow them to their new home.

A Popular Firm.

J. H. Moorehouse, of Pittsburg, Pa., a member of the firm of Johnston, Moorehouse & Dickey, wholesale dealers in hardware and mine supplies, visited in Emporium Tuesday and Wednesday, guest of his father-in-law, Mr. N. Seger and family. Mr. and Mrs. Moorehouse have just recently moved into their new home. The firm enjoys a nice trade in this section.

All mail and 'phone orders receive prompt attention at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Luncheon Tomatoes, 3 cans for 25c, at C. B. Howard & Co's.

THE WEATHER.
FRIDAY, Rain.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

ASSETS
First National Bank,
EMPORIUM, PA.

At the close of business, May 5, 1909.
$797,804.14.

PLUCK
and perseverance usually prosper.
Very often, this prosperity has its beginning in the opening of a saving account.
Allow us to assist you in starting.
$1.00 Starts an Account.
3% INTEREST PAID ON SAVING BOOK ACCOUNTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

DR. LEON REX FELT,
DENTIST.
Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.

DR. H. W. MITCHELL,
DENTIST,
(Successor to Dr. A. B. Mead.)
Office over A. F. Vogt's Shoe Store,
Emporium, Pa. 12y

Had Roaring Big Time.

Chas. McLaughlin, who has been visiting old scenes, old friends and relatives at Oromoco, N. B., returned to Emporium last Saturday and came in to report to the PRESS that he was back once more, after a delightful visit with his niece, Mrs. Harry Kannon. It was his first visit to his old home in thirty years and found all changed.

Emmanuel Church Services.

May 9th, Fourth Sunday after Easter.
8:00 a. m.—Holy Communion.
10:30 a. m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. Subject: The Spirits in Poison.
7:30 p.m.—Evening prayer and sermon. Subject—Moses, an Old Testament Illustration of the Endless Life.

The annual convention of the Diocese of Pittsburgh, will meet in St. Andrews church, Pittsburgh, May 12-13.

Veteran Blodgett.

Comrade Merritt Blodgett, of Sinnamahoning, was in Emporium on Monday and favored the PRESS with a call. Mr. B., has been a great sufferer with rheumatism for over a year and confined to his home. This is the first visit to Emporium in many months. The Squire will celebrate his 73d birthday on Friday and we hope our down county friends will see that the occasion is a happy one for Mr. and Mrs. Blodgett, who have resided at Sinnamahoning for twenty years. The old "vet" deserves it.

Some Signs of Spring.

A poetic exchange warbles after this musical fashion: "When ye don't feel much like workin' and ye think ye'd rather rest; when the robin's diggin' fishing baits and Biddy's on the nest; when the women folks are cleaning and the carpets' on the line, and the kids are tiein' pinhooks on a six-foot length of twine; when the "sportin' page" is fillin' up with figures set in squares, and Cupids' fixing up a lot of double-action snares. When the mail man scatters packages of seeds along his route; the spring fevers' apt to git ye if ye don't watch out."

Garage Moved.

Dr. L. R. Felt has moved his garage from Cherry street to the rear of his residence, on Broad street, and has same placed on a concrete block fonndation and has the structure painted so that it makes a neat appearance.

First Methodist Episcopal Church.

The pastor Rev. J. F. Anderson, will preach next Sunday morning and evening. Subject of morning discourse will be "Mothers"; evening snbject, "Christ, the Chief Corner Stone." Both services will be of special interest. For the morning service the wearing of a carnation or other white flower will be appropriate.

Banked for Few Days.

The Emporium Iron Company on Saturday banked the furnace for a few days only. Much needed repairs will be made before they resume work. Those interested in the plant seem to believe that the "banking of fire" will be a short duration.

Big Shipment.

Emporium Furnace have a very large shipment of pig iron to ship this week—forty car loads. That's good.

Cedar Shingles $4.50 per thousand at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Rag Carpet 34c; Stair Carpet 19c, and Ingrain 23c, but little left at C. B. Howard & Co's.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Not the least of the benefits derived from the rural mail by any means is the responsibility it creates for the maintenance of good roads in communities that desire the service. At Atlanta, Mo., the government revoked a rural route because the people would not keep the roads along the route in good repair. It is not possible that there are many communities in Missouri where the people would part with their rural mail service rather than exhibit the enterprise necessary to make the roads accessible for the mail carrier. If it is understood that there will be no mail service where good roads are not maintained, as the government's policy at Atlanta appears to indicate, then hail to the rural mail carrier as the advance agent of better roads and consequently a better day!—Exchange.

Inoculation is now suggested as a cure for typhoid, and some experiments to that end have answered satisfactorily. But the proposition for a wholesale inoculation of school children if typhoid threatens a community seems rather premature, especially as the ordinary vaccination system has been attended with some terrible mistakes in the way of dangerous virus. There is not the outcry these days that there used to be over new methods investigated by medical science, but there is even greater need of care and prudence in applying apparently successful experimentation.

It is announced that the package freight steamers running in the lake trade in connection with railroad lines will start two weeks earlier than they did last season. This is evidence that business in general is picking up rapidly, as the liners would not start were not freight conditions pressing. In a short time iron movement will begin anew, and then there will be no idle tonnage during the months in which vessel property is usually active.

The strike of 4,000 Canadian coal miners, reported from Winnipeg, is a more serious development than that of the 400 anthracite miners at Pittston, who have laid down their picks and retired to the surface; but it is of no more importance to coal consumers in the United States than the little Pennsylvania blunder, because western Canada coal is not burned on this side of the boundary line, to any large extent.

Dr. Ferrero, the Italian historian now lecturing at Lowell institute in Boston, says the odes of Horace were not written as a striving for literary merit or to express thoughts that demanded utterance, but to promote the wine industry in which he was interested. In other words, he was a wine agent, a sort of predecessor of Harry Lehr. Did you ever?

It is well, wise and commendable to seek to spread intelligence in savage lands, but there are still men and women in the crowded centers of civilization who look for gas leaks with a match. It is not at all pertinent to the deterrent philosophy of the case that the seekers generally find the leaks.

The American flag has been hauled down in Cuba. And never was it lowered with more credit to itself or in a better cause. It is going away as a friend from a new nation over which it might have still waved as a conquered province.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" isn't the play it used to be. The actors who take the parts of the cakes of ice do not seem to put the same enthusiasm into their work that characterized their predecessors of a generation past.

Strikes are costly affairs. It is officially estimated that the losses sustained by France through the late postal strike amounted to $100,000,000. Even if the strikers had won, how long would it take to make good that enormous sum?

Mexico's smelly oil well, which tarnishes metal 65 miles away and kills men, animals and birds at smaller distances, must be considerably more so than our own home institution, the stockyards odor.

PAYNE BILL HONEST

MEASURE INDORSED BY NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

Chief Republican Organ in the East Asserts That It Carries Out the Pledges of the National Platform.

The Payne bill, as it goes to the senate, represents an honest effort to carry out the pledges of the Republican national platform. It effects a substantial downward revision of the Dingley rates and attempts to apply the protective principle scientifically and rationally. In so doing it goes much too far to suit the "stand-patters," who consider their own interests paramount to the general good. On the other hand, it does not satisfy the extreme Cobdenites, to whom reasonable protection is more obnoxious than any other form of protection, because harder to discredit or overthrow. It is only from such a perverted point of view that the Payne bill can be attacked as 'a triumph of reaction."

A fair analysis will show that compared with the Dingley bill the Payne bill exhibits rational progress. It introduces the maximum-minimum principle, which will be of undoubted value in dealing with foreign countries which have adopted that principle, and will furnish us a means of securing everywhere the most favored nation treatment which we are prepared to give. As our industries develop and we attain our natural place as one of the greatest of the manufacturing and exporting nations, protective duties must decrease and revenues from tariffs must diminish. To those, therefore, who hope to see customs duties gradually lowered and finally removed the Payne bill should be especially welcome, since in imposing a permanent federal inheritance tax it at least points the way to a gradual shifting of basis of federal taxation.

We have already expressed our view that the Payne bill was improved by the limited consideration allowed it in the house. The changes made were on the whole, highly beneficial. It is to be regretted, therefore, that the house did not have enough confidence in itself to go on record on more questions than were included in the provisions of the special rule governing debate on the bill. There does not appear to be any good reason why the house should not have voted on the maximum-minimum sections, the paragraphs increasing the duties on gloves and hosiery, the inheritance tax section, the free coal provision and other paragraphs and sections on which there were divisions of opinion. The house of representatives is vested by the constitution with the exclusive right to originate revenue bills. It ought to exercise that right intelligently and deliberately, expressing its opinion on all points at issue and laying a firm foundation for any contest with the senate on changes in its plans for taxation. The consideration of the Payne bill was much more serious in character and more fruitful in results than was the consideration of the Dingley bill. But it could well have been more serious and more fruitful.—New York Tribune.

Problem in Revenue Law.

The Republicans have, undoubtedly, a problem on their hands. A seriously defective new tariff law might cost them dearly in November of next year. A deficit in the treasury at that time, or the receipts running neck and neck with the expenditures, with a bond issue looming up, would make their congressional campaign drag heavily. The people want a comfortable balance in the treasury, and associate it with good times and a good tax law.

On the other hand, a successful new law, bearing not too heavily upon either producer or consumer, yielding revenue enough easily to pay the government's way upon liberal lines of living, and while keeping up wages at home, opening up new markets abroad, should secure another house to the Republicans. The country does not like continuous tariff agitation. Business suffers, and most especially under a threat of deep cuts in the schedules leading toward an exclusively revenue basis. And as Mr. Bryan and his friends are advocating a tariff for revenue only, and as they are the Democratic party, the country must turn to them if it turns away from the Republicans next year except under the most extreme provocation.—Washington Star.

Can Serve Country and Party.

The Republican leaders in the senate have a golden opportunity to serve the people, the party and themselves by shifting the incidence of tariff taxation from necessaries to luxuries, from weak shoulders to strong, and by insisting on a broad, scientific revision on the labor cost differential principle—such a revision, in short, as an expert tariff commission would provide a basis for. We predict that the public is in for an agreeable surprise in the trend and spirit of the Aldrich substitute tariff bill.

Champ Clark Diplomatic.

Hon. Champ Clark showed the usual brilliancy of the minority house leaders in so loading down his motion to recommit the Payne bill with instructions as to make its success an absolute impossibility. Had he attempted less he might have accomplished something—at least forced a test vote on the gloves and hosiery paragraphs. But Mr. Clark was probably satisfied to lose on any terms, so long as he didn't aggravate the dissensions among his alleged "followers."

SENATE WITHIN ITS RIGHTS.

Has Power Under the Constitution to Amend Any Bill for Raising Revenue.

Noting the general expectation that the new tariff enactments will be practically framed in the senate, the Chicago Daily News conceives it to be an infraction of the constitutional provision that all bills for raising revenue must originate in the house. That paper then delivers itself of the following bitter assertion:

"The explanation of this degradation of the house to the point where it crawls humbly at the heels of the senate even as respects matters of legislation in which, under the constitution, it is suposed to be the superior body, is found in the words of Cannon and Cannonism."

The assertion that the senate by amending a tariff bill, even so as to generally change the character of its duties, violates the exclusive privilege of the house to originate such bills, has very slight foundation. In the constitutional provision the right of the senate to "propose or concur with amendments" is as clearly stated as the right of the house to originate the measure. The house has control of the subject in the power to refuse to originate. When it has originated a bill it stands on equal terms with the senate as to the acceptance or rejection of amendments.

It is true that in the final issue on this as on other legislation the house has frequently shown less stamina in standing up for its views than the senate. Cannon and Cannonism may be fairly chargeable with several unedifying features of congressional politics, but this one is not easily traceable to that source. It is rather due to a more distinct usurpation by the senate, through the perversion of the "advice and consent" clause so as to practically lodge the appointing power in the hands of individual senators. It is the dispensation of patronage by senators that makes many members of the house subject to the directions of the senators from their states. When there is an important test of strength between the two bodies this makes the house prone to yield. Yet if the house ever gets enough in earnest to assert its power by withholding appropriation bills until its wishes are met, it can bring both the senate and administration to its feet.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

For Honest Revision.

How senseless, premature and meanly partisan is this parrot cry of "fraud" as a comment on the work of congress toward revising the tariff! Never in its history has congress made an honester effort at broad and honest tariff revision than it is making at this session.

We believe the resultant of the pulling and hauling and voicing of local cross purposes in congress, always concomitant with tariff making, will be a tariff act affording an exceptionally high average of general satisfaction.

There are forces this time making for an honest revision for the greatest good of the greatest number that will not be denied.

First and foremost of these is an unusually roused, concentrated and watchful public opinion.

There is another force that is making strongly for honest, broad revision, and that is the persuasive, harmonizing influence, and quiet conciliatory yet massive insistance of President Taft, with the veto possibility in the background. Mr. Taft without outwardly appearing to try very hard, without the faintest show of hectoring and dictating, will get far more out of congress at a juncture like this than Mr. Roosevelt would.

There is every indication that both senate and house are sincerely desirous of framing a tariff bill that Mr. Taft will like and that will help him with the country. Mr. Taft's influence and personal popularity with congress is almost a guaranty of honest revision; and those who cry "fraud" fail to reckon with the fact that Mr. Taft would not sign any such bill were it sent to him, and congress knows it.

Victory for Knox.

President Zelaya is sending a special envoy to Washington to effect a settlement of the claims of the G. O. Emery Company, in compliance with the ultimatum of Secretary of State Knox. Zelaya is known as the obstinate man of Central America. He is intensely ambitious, and it had been predicted he would bluff the United States in this matter as a preliminary to working out his plans to become the big man of Central America, as well as the obstinate one. He is, however, like Crockett's coon, ready to come down before Mr. Knox begins to shoot.

This is the first diplomatic victory of Secretary of State Knox. It is small game, but not small honor. The dealing with the little republics of Central and South America is always more difficult than with the big nations of Europe and Asia, or the big republics of South America, as many diplomatists have found to their cost. Secretary Knox is to be congratulated on getting some satisfaction from the haughty executive of Nicaragua. President Taft made no mistake in selecting Mr. Knox as the head of his cabinet. He has made good in every position he held previously, and will no doubt make good in this one.

If a tariff bill could be made that would please everybody, it would be a sign that the millennium was here and that we didn't need any tariff bill.

MANY PEOPLE ARE REPORTED KILLED

AWFUL WORK OF CYCLONES AND TORNADOES IN SOUTH AND MIDDLE WEST.

PROPERTY LOSS OF MILLIONS

All Along the Path of the Storm Come Tales of Loss of Life and Whole Towns and Villages Wiped Out.

Atlanta, Ga.—An epidemic of cyclones and tornadoes, the like of which have not been known for years, swept through the south Thursday night and yesterday, leaving in their wake hundreds of dead and mangled bodies and the dismantled wrecks of property worth many millions.

While the storm, which reached the south from the upper Mississippi valley shortly after midnight yesterday, left its scar on Mississippi, Arkansas, Kentucky, Alabama, Missouri and more remote states, Tennessee perhaps suffered the most severely. It is substantiated that 60 persons were killed, distributed among the following towns: Youngs Crossing, 5; Fayetteville, 15; Noblesville, 1; Hardeman county, 1; Medina, 4; Clarksville, 1; Centerville, 1; Franklin, 1; Hillsboro, 4; Somersville, 3; Laconia, 2; Bells, 2; Quito, 8; Giles county, 12.

Mississippi's most disastrous point was Horn Lake, where 18 met death. Arkansas reports a total of 12 dead and 90 injured. Alabama has four dead near Hartzell. Kentucky escaped with much property damage but no deaths. Missouri has seven killed at Somerville and 11 at Golden. Georgia lost two lives when a boat capsized.

An exact list of the dead and an accurate estimate of the monetary loss may not be compiled for days, but from all along the path of the storm come tales of fearful loss of life and descriptions of whole towns and villages completely wiped out.

The storm wave seemed to have had its origin in the north and swept from the lake region south in irregular fashion, now moderating its force as though spent, now growing more turbulent and angry.

State of Tennessee Heavy Loser.

The state of Tennesse was an especially haevy sufferer. At 10 o'clock last night night careful estimates indicate that at least 140 persons were killed in the volunteer state alone, while the loss in dollars will not fall short of a million. At Franklin and in Hillsboro there was loss of life. The latter town is said to be practically destroyed, while at Centerville and adjoining villages the damage is reported very heavy both in lives and property. Near Pulaski, in Giles county, the death list reached 12 and many were hurt.

In the vicinity of Chattanooga the storm was felt at its worst. As in other parts of the state, the telephone and telegraph wires were blown down and the movement of trains was greatly hampered. The hurricane followed the Cumberland valley, wrecking small towns and destroying farm houses. At Ebenezer 18 houses were blown down. At Knoxville the greatest damage was from interference with communication.

At Charlestown the storm swerved up the Hiawassee river from the Tennessee valley, destroying much property. At Fayetteville three are known to have perished. At Cuba many houses were blown down and at Gilestown not even a shed was left standing. No fatalities were reported from either place, but information is meager. Memphis reports heavy loss from towns within a radius of one hundred miles in three states.

Deaths in Mississippi and Arkansas.

At Horn Lake, Miss., 18 lives were lost and the property damage was heavy. From neighboring towns come tales of men, women and children killed and homes wrecked.

The tornado swept over into Arkansas and killed eight persons near Mammoth Springs, besides wrecking a score of buildings. Other points in Arkansas report heavy loss.

Striking Alabama and headed in a southeasterly direction, the hurricane continued upon its course of destruction last night. At Danville, in Morgan county, Alabama, the storm struck with terrific force.

Fifteen Dead; 250 Houses Wrecked.

Huntsville, Ala.—Fifteen are dead, a score injured and 250 houses demolished as a result of the storm which struck Fayetteville, Tenn., and vicinity Thursday night, according to a reliable man who has just reached Huntsville from that section. The dead at Harms number five and many more are injured. The Harms flour mill was destroyed, as well as a number of other buildings in that vicinity.

Immense damage was done in Madison county by hail and lightning. Telegraphic and telephonic communication with Fayetteville has been severed since early Thursday night.

Storm in Middle West.

Chicago, Ill.—Belated reports show that the death and destruction caused by the terrific storm that swept over the middle west Thursday night were more extensive than at first indicated by the meager telegrams carried over damaged wires. Three men were killed in Chicago by the collapse of a factory. Homeless men, women and children spent yesterday in strange houses in many suburbs, where the storm had upset substantial houses.

In the path of the storm before it reached the Great Lakes region, great destruction of property is reported. At least 11 persons were killed.

Six persons were killed and 15 injured at Alton, Mo., the county seat of Oregon county, when a tornado destroyed most of the buildings in the town.

Eleven persons were killed and 25 or 30 hurt, 14 seriously, by a tornado which destroyed Golden, Mo. The number of dead may be even greater, as the reports are not complete. The entire town, with the exception of one stone building, was blown down and the inhabitants are without food or shelter. The population of the place was about 500.

Reports from northwestern Arkansas say many persons were killed. The damage is $500,000.

AN ARRAY OF LEGAL TALENT

Attorney General Wickersham Outlines His Program Concerning Administration of His Office.

New York City.—Before an assemblage of lawyers which comprised almost every justice of the supreme court, every justice of the appellate division, every judge of the United States circuit court sitting in or near New York and practically every prominent personality in the legal profession, Attorney General Wickersham last night outlined his program concerning the administration of his office in general and the exercise of the Sherman anti-trust law in particular.

William Nelson Cromwell, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, William B. Hornblower, Martin W. Littlejohn, John G. Milburn, Victor Morawetz, Alton B. Parker, Francis Lynde Stetson, John B. Stanchfield, Edward M. Shepard, Henry W. Taft, Benjamin F. Tracy, Samuel Untermyer and a score of other equally noted corporation lawyers joined in the tribute paid the new attorney general by the members of the bar in this city.

Most notable among those who eulogized the guest of the evening were Joseph H. Choate, Judge Gray of Delaware, Presiding Justice Patterson of the appellate division, Judge Ward of the United States circuit court and Delancy Nicoll.

SUGAR TRUST PAYS IN FULL

Settles All Civil Claims Arising from Fraudulent Weighing of Sugar on Refineries' Docks.

New York City. — The American Sugar Refining Co. of New Jersey and the New York corporation of the same name yesterday paid into the treasury of the United States $896,000, completing a payment aggregating over $2,134,000 in settlement of all civil claims arising out of the fraudulent weighing of sugar on the docks of the refineries in Brooklyn and Jersey City. The companies further agree to give up their right of appeal.

The settlement, while it discharges all the civil claims made by the government against the companies, does not prevent the bringing of criminal prosecutions against the men responsible for the use of the fraudulent device through the use of which false weights were recorded.

WASHINGTON IS REMEMBERED

Laying of Cornerstone in Dedication of a Park in Honor of the "Father of the Country."

Alexandria, Va.—President W. H. Taft attended yesterday in this city a celebration of the 120th anniversary of the first inauguration of George Washington and the laying of a cornerstone in dedication of a park to the memory of the president. Vice President Sherman, Speaker Cannon, Gov. Swanson of Virginia, the commissioners of the District of Columbia, a large congressional party from Washington and distinguished guests from a number of states sat in the stand with the president as the most notable parade in the history of Alexandria passed in review. Every branch of the United States service and some of the most famous of the military organizations of the old dominion were represented in the imposing array of troops.

Mexican War Captain Dead.

Shelbyville, Ky. — Capt. Thomas Todd, 90 years of age, last of the noted Kentuckians who served as captains in the Mexican war, is dead. Capt. Todd was a lineal descendant of Kentucky's first governor, Isaac Shelby.

Sons of American Revolution Meet.

Baltimore, Md. — With delegates present from 42 state societies having a total membership of some 12,000, the 20th national congress of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution was called to order today in the Hotel Belvedere. The mayor of Baltimore briefly welcomed the visitors, and the rest of the day was devoted to the business of the organization. This evening the delegates and ladies are to be given a reception by the Maryland chapter of Daughters of American Revolution.

Daughter for Queen Wilhelmina.

The Hague.—There was great rejoicing in the Netherlands capital early this morning when the announcement was made from the palace that Queen Wilhelmina had given birth to a daughter. The arrival of the stork had been expected for some weeks, and the usually lethargic Dutch have been keyed up to a high pitch of excitement. The guns which early this morning fired a salute in honor of the arrival of an heir were placed in position ten days ago and holidays were declared in schools.

PROOF FOR TWO CENTS.

If You Suffer with Your Kidneys and Back, Write to This Man.

G. W. Winney, Medina, N. Y., invites kidney sufferers to write to him.

To all who enclose postage he will reply, telling how Doan's Kidney Pills cured him after he had doctored and had been in two different hospitals for eighteen months, suffering intense pain in the back, lameness, twinges when stooping or lifting, languor, dizzy spells and rheumatism. "Before I used Doan's Kidney Pills," says Mr. Winney, "I weighed 143. After taking 10 or 12 boxes I weighed 162 and was completely cured."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A FACER.

He—You have looked on my face for the last time!

She—Why? Are you going to grow a beard?

Don't Cough, But Live Long.

If every cough were cured before it got a strong hold, human life would be lengthened by many years. If every coughing sufferer knew that Kemp's Balsam would stop the cough in a few minutes, he would be glad to escape the serious consequences. If any medicine will cure a cough, Kemp's Balsam will do it. At druggists' and dealers', 25c.

A Natural Doubt.

"Do you think that oculist is a practical man?"

"Why shouldn't he be?"

"Because of his business. Doesn't he go in for eye deals?"

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for your feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, sweating feet. Makes new shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

One Point Settled.

"They say the new Mrs. Bangs is a very good plain cook."

"I don't know about the excellence of the cookery, but she's plain all right."

WANTED. Beech plane stocks. State price. Gage Tool Co., Vineland, N. J.

A man with a roving disposition is not necessarily inconstant.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A brother is a mirror that never flatters.

DOCTOR ADVISED OPERATION

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Paw Paw, Mich.—"I suffered terribly from female ills, including inflammation and congestion, for several years. My doctor said there was no hope for me but an operation. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I can now say I am a well woman."
EMMA DRAPER.

Another Operation Avoided.

Chicago, Ill.—"I want women to know what that wonderful medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has done for me. Two of the best doctors in Chicago said I would die if I did not have an operation, and I never thought of seeing a well day again. I had a small tumor and female troubles so that I suffered day and night. A friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it made me a well woman."—Mrs. ALVENA SPERLING, 11 Langdon St., Chicago, Ill.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has proved to be the most successful remedy for curing the worst forms of female ills, including displacements, inflammation, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result has been worth millions to many suffering women.

FITS

If you suffer from Fits, Falling Sickness, Spasms or have children or friends that do so, my New Discovery will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is send for a FREE Bottle of

Dr. May's Epilepticide Cure.

It has cured thousands where everything else failed. Sent free with directions. Express Prepaid. Guaranteed by May Medical Laboratory, under the National Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Guaranty No. 18971. Please give AGE and full address.

DR. W. H. MAY,
548 Pearl Street, New York City.

ENEMIES OF WAR HOLD A CONGRESS

SECOND NATIONAL PEACE CONFERENCE IN CHICAGO.

EMINENT MEN ARE PRESENT

Statesmen, Diplomats and Political Economists Assemble and Discuss the Final Elimination of Armed Conflicts.

Chicago.—The sessions of the second National Peace Congress, which opened in Orchestra hall Monday afternoon, attracted to Chicago many thousand earnest enemies of war, among them being many distinguished statesmen, diplomats and political economists. President Taft is the honorary president of the congress, and Secretary of War Jacob M. Dickinson is its active president, but neither of these gentlemen was able to be present, owing to their official duties. However, there was no lack of eminent men to preside over the sessions.

As a preliminary to the congress, special peace services were held in many Chicago churches Sunday morning, peace meetings arranged by labor and socialist organizations were held in the afternoon, and in the evening there was a big mass meeting, at which addresses were delivered by Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones and Rev. Emil G. Hirsch, both of Chicago, and President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell university.

Welcome to the Congress.

Orchestra hall was filled to the limit Monday when the first session was called to order by Robert Treat Paine of Boston, the presiding officer, for governors, mayors and hundreds of clubs had been asked to appoint delegates, and most of them had responded. President Dickison's address, the same he delivered several weeks ago before the Hamilton club, was read, and the congress was then formally welcomed by Gov. Charles S. Deneen for the state, Mayor Fred A. Busse for the city and Rev. A. Eugene Bartlett, chairman of the reception committee. The secretary then read a brief letter from President Taft, in which the chief executive heartily commended the aims of the congress.

Miss Anna B. Eckstein of Boston next was introduced to the meeting and read a "World Petition to the Third Hague Conference." This was followed by an address by Dr. Benjamin F. Trueblood, secretary of the American Peace society, on "The Present Position of the Peace Movement."

What Has Been Accomplished.

Dr. Trueblood said in part:

"Let me sketch in the barest outlines what has already been accomplished. The interpretation will take care of itself.

"I. The men and women, now a great host, who believe that the day is past when blind brute force should direct the policies of nations and preside at the settlement of their differences, are now thoroughly organized. A hundred years ago there was not a society in existence organized to promote appeal to the forum of reason and right in the adjustment of international controversies. To-day there are more than 500, nearly every important nation having its group of peace organizations. Their constituents are numbered by tens of thousands, from every rank and class in society—philanthropists, men of trade and commerce, educators and jurists, workingmen, statesmen, rulers even.

Triumph of Arbitration.

"II. The position which the peace movement has reached is no less distinctly determined by the practical attainments of arbitration. We are this year celebrating what is really the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of our movement, for it was in 1809 that David L. Dodge, a Christian merchant of New York city, wrote the pamphlet which brought the movement into being, and led six years later to the organization in his parlor in New York of the first Peace society in the world. There had then been no arbitrations between nations in our modern sense of the word 'nations.' In the 100 years since 1809 more than 250 important controversies have been settled by this means, not to mention an even greater number of less important cases, the settlement of which involved the principle of arbitration. Within the past 20 years so rapid has been the triumph of arbitration that more than 100 international differences have been disposed of by this means, or between five and six a year for the whole 20 years. Arbitration is no longer an experiment. It is the settled practice of the nations. A score of disputes to-day go naturally to arbitration where one gives rise even to talk of war.

The Hague Conferences.

"III. In order to determine further the advanced position which the peace movement has attained on its practical side, the two Hague conferences and what they have accomplished must be taken into account. It is still the habit of some persons to speak disparagingly of these great gatherings and their results. Some do it because they are satisfied with nothing short of immediate perfection; others because they wish the whole movement for the abolition of war to fail. Others do it purely from ignorance.

"What have the two Hague conferences really done toward bringing about that state of world organization and co-operation, the result of which will, as is universally conceded, bring the general peace of the world and final relief from the ruinous burdens of 'bloated armaments,' because it will establish the reign of law among the nations as it now prevails among individuals throughout the civilized world?

What They Have Done.

"The first Hague conference gave us the permanent international court of arbitration, to which 24 powers finally became parties by ratification of the convention. This court has now for eight years been in successful operation, and not less than four controversies have been referred to it during the past year. The second Hague conference enlarged and strengthened the convention under which this court was set up, and made the court the tribunal, not of 25 powers, but of all the nations of the world.

"Another step of still greater moment was taken by the second Hague conference in the direction of providing a perfect substitute for force in the settlement of international differences. It voted without a dissenting delegation for the principle of an inwith judges always in service and ternational court of arbitral justice, holding regular sessions.

"The high water mark of the work of the second Hague conference was reached in its action in regard to future meetings of the conference. The principle of periodic meetings of the conference hereafter was approved without a dissenting voice. The date even of the third conference was fixed and the governments urged to appoint at least two years in advance an international commission to prepare the program of the meeting."

Dean W. P. Rogers of the Cincinnati Law school brought this session to a close with an eloquent talk on "The Dawn of Universal Peace."

Addresses Monday Evening.

Monday evening's meeting was devoted to "The drawing together of the Nations," and was presided over by Dr. Hirsch. The addresses were on "Independence Versus Interdependence of Nations," by Prof. Paul S. Reinsch of the University of Wisconsin; "Racial Progress Towards Universal Peace," by Rev. H. T. Kealing of Nashville, Tenn.; and "The Biology of War," by President David Starr Jordan of Leland Stanford, Jr., university. At the same time another meeting was in session in Music hall, with Miss Jane Addams in the chair. The speakers there were Joseph B. Burtt of Chicago, on "Fraternal Orders and Peace;" Prof. Graham Taylor of Chicago Commons, on "Victims of War and Industry;" Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, on "Organized Labor and Peace," and John Spargo of Yonkers, N. Y., on "International Socialism as a Peace Factor."

Commercial and Legal Views.

Two big meetings were held Tuesday morning, one on commerce and industry, presided over by George E. Roberts, president of the Commercial National bank of Chicago, and the other on "Women and Peace," with Mrs. Ellen M. Henrotin of Chicago as chairman. The former session was addressed by Belton Gilreath of Birmingham, Ala., W. A. Mahoney of Columbus, O., James Arbuckle, consul of Spain and Colombia, St. Louis, and Marcus M. Marks, president of the National Association of Clothiers, New York city. The women heard interesting speeches by Mrs. Philip N. Moore, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs; Miss Jane Addams and Mrs. Lucia Ames Mead of Boston.

"Some Legal Aspects of the Peace Movement," was the general topic of the Orchestra hall meeting Tuesday afternoon, and the chairman was William J. Calhoun of Chicago. Prof. William I. Hull of Swarthmore college, discussed the advances registered by the two Hague conferences, and James Brown Scott, solicitor of the state department, talked about some questions which the third Hague conference probably will consider. "Legal Problems Capable of Settlement by Arbitration," was the subject of a learned paper by Prof. Charles Cheney Hyde of Chicago.

Special Collegiate Session.

In Mandel hall, at the University of Chicago, a special session was held for universities and colleges, a feature of which was an oratorical contest participated in by students. Louis P. Lochner of Madison, Wis., spoke on "The Cosmopolitan Clubs."

The general session of Tuesday evening was perhaps the most interesting of the congress. "Next Steps in Peacemaking" was the topic. The audience was aroused to great enthusiasm by an eloquent and spirted address by Congressman Richard Bartholdt of Missouri, president of the American Group, Interparliamentary union. Another paper that met with deserved applause was that of Edwin D. Mead of Boston on "The Arrest in Competitive Arming in Fidelity to The Hague Movement."

The special collegiate session was continued Tuesday evening in Music hall, with President Nollen of Lake Forest university in the chair. President S. P. Brooks of Baylor university, Texas, spoke, and a stereopticon lecture on the "Federation of the World" was given by Hamilton Holt of the Independent.

Among the diplomats who came to Chicago to attend the Peace congress were: Ambassador Count Johann Heinrich von Bernstorff of Germany; Herman de Lagercrantz, envoy from Sweden; Wu Ting Fang, envoy from China; Alfred Mitchell Innes, counselor of the British embassy, and Dr. Halvdan Kont, of the University of Norway. The Japanese, Turkish and French embassies also were represented.

FORMER GOVERNOR OF VERMONT DEAD

FREDERICK HOLBROOK WAS THE OLDEST EX-GOVERNOR IN THE COUNTRY.

HE WAS 96 YEARS OF AGE

Mr. Holbrook Was One of the Closest of President Lincoln's Friends Among the State Executives.

Brattleboro, Vt.—Frederick Holbrook, former governor of Vermont, the oldest ex-governor in the country and one of the last of the civil war governors, died at his home here last night. He was 96 years of age.

Last February Mr. Holbrook received many telegrams and letters of congratulation on the occasion of the 96th anniversary of his birthday, among them one from President Roosevelt. Mr. Holbrook was one of the closest of President Lincoln's friends among the state governors, and his advice at a personal interview was followed by the final call for troops which brought an end to the war.

Frederick Holbrook was born at Warehouse Point, Conn., February 15, 1813. He was governor of the state in 1861-63 and during his term floated $1,500,000 of bonds at a premium and equipped many regiments of troops. His most notable act in office was to devise the means for the care of injured soldiers, and it was through him that Vermont was the first state to provide hospitals for its soldiers.

While a member of the Vermont senate Mr. Holbrook proposed and urged the passage of a memorial to congress setting forth the usefulness of a national bureau of agriculture. The project received the indorsement and commendation of President Fillmore in his annual message to congress.

BEACH HARGIS IS SENTENCED

Life Imprisonment for the Man Who Murdered His Father—Second Trial for Hargis.

Irvine, Ky.—Beach Hargis, charged with the murder of his father, Judge James Hargis, was yesterday sentenced to life imprisonment. The defendant showed no emotion when the verdict was rendered. Neither did his mother and sister, by whom he sat. This was the second trial of Hargis for this crime. The first trial resulted in a mistrial. United States Senator Bradley headed the counsel for the defense in both trials.

The murder of Judge Hargis by his son Beach occurred in the judge's store at Jackson, Breathitt county, on February 6, 1908. Beach had been drinking, it is alleged, for several days. He went to the Hargis store, where his father asked him what he had been doing. It is not known what Beach answered, but the two clinched. In the struggle Beach shot his father four times.

SAW HALO AROUND THE SUN

Rare Phenomenon Observed of Opposite Sun and Its Pair of Interesting Spiral Arcs.

New Haven, Conn.—Scientific observation was made at Yale university on Tuesday of a phenominal halo around the sun. At 1 o'clock it showed the ordinary 22 degrees halo very faintly, but the halo due to ice crystals like a rainbow and known as the circumscribing oval halo was remarkably vivid.

At 1:55 the colorless circle passing through the sun and having the zenith at its center appeared and grew stronger rapidly for about ten minutes. At its maximum the rare phenomenon was seen briefly of the opposite sun and its pair of intersecting spiral arcs. In the nature of scientific importance the parhelia of 120 degrees were certainly absent, as also the 46 degrees concentric halo.

TRANSFERRED HIS AFFECTION

Kentucky Minister Arrested in St. Louis in Company with Female Member of His Church.

St. Louis, Mo.—Rev. P. R. Campbell, recently pastor of the Christian church at Stamping Ground, Ky., was arrested last night in company with Miss Josephine Hosley, a member of his church, on advices from John Richards, marshal at Stamping Ground. Campbell's wife and his 4-year-old son are living with Mrs. Campbell's parents in Louisville.

Mr. Campbell told the police that he was about to return to Kentucky and tell Miss Hosler's father he would marry her when his wife obtained a divorce. He said he loved Miss Hosley and she said she would stand by him now that he was in the hands of the police.

Prominent Penn. Merchant Dead.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Samuel Grumbacher, a prominent merchant of York, Pa., died suddenly in the Pennsylvania railroad station here yesterday. He was returning from Atlantic City with his wife when he suddenly fell ill and retired to a waiting room. His wife became alarmed by his continued absence and when search was made he was found dead. He was the proprietor of the Bon Ton stores in York and also owned stores in Lancaster and other places in the state. He had been in poor health lately.

TENEMENT HOUSE FIRE

NINE DEAD, SIX MISSING AND 14 IN HOSPITALS.

Police Believe Fire Was Incendiary, as an Empty Kerosene Can Was Found in Building.

New York City.—Nine lives were lost, six persons are missing and 14 are in the hospitals as the result of an incendiary fire which gutted the six-story double-decked tenement house at 37 Spring street, in the heart of the Italian quarter, early yesterday.

Great credit is being given to Officer Brossner by his superiors. Brossner, a former ball player, when he reached the scene, stood yelling to the frightened people to wait for the engines.

But they would not heed, and soon one mother cried to him to catch, and threw her baby down to him. He caught it, and, as he says himself, the "air was at once filled with flying kids.'" Seven were dropped in almost as many seconds, and the big policeman managed to catch five of them, while one other had its brains dashed out on the curbstone when it slipped through his hands and another's skull was fractured by striking his helmet and bouncing off.

The fire was discovered by Sergt. O'Riordan and Officer Kirke, and they rushed into the building, only to find the lower hall and all stairways a sheet of flames. At the bottom of the lower stairs they found a two-gallon can that had contained kerosene.

It is the police theory that the incendiaries took the oil to the roof and poured it down every starway from the roof to the street entrance.

PHYSICIAN SHOOTS NEPHEW

He Thens Turns the Revolver on His Wife, but She Is Unharmed—Doctor Makes Grave Charges.

Detroit, Mich.—Dr. G. K. Boyajian, an Armenian, yesterday shot and fatally wounded his nephew, Harotoon H. Gaspanian, while the latter was being arraigned in police court with his aunt, the physician's wife, on a statutory charge. Gaspanian's home is in Lynn, Mass.

Dr. Boyajian fired four shots at his nephew, three of which found their mark. He then turned the revolver on his wife and fired the two remaining bullets at her. One missed her entirely and the other only penetrated the crown of her hat.

Mrs. Boyajian, who is 28 years of age, and her 23-year-old nephew were arrested Thursday night on complaint of Dr. Boyajian. He preferred a statutory charge against them.

Dr. Boyajian told a remarkable story of his discovery of the alleged relations between his wife and nephew, whom he had brought from his home at Lynn, Mass., and was educating him in a local medical college.

Mrs. Boyajian later denied that there had been any improper relations between her nephew and herself. Castanian made the same statement.

Gastanian died late last night at St. Mary's hospital.

IRON AND STEEL IMPROVES

Importations of Crude Materials for Manufacturing Purposes Proof of Reviving Industry.

New York City.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

The developments of the week are of special significance. One is the distinct improvement in the iron and steel trade, on which the whole commercial situation depends. The reduced prices have stimulated an active demand, which in turn brought about this week a lifting of prices on a number of products. The demand is especially notable for construction and agricultural interests. The other development is the foreign commerce statement, which reveals extraordinary importations of crude materials for manufacturers' purposes, a clear proof of reviving industry. The cold weather of the week has, however, been unfavorable and retarded business in mercantile lines.

BIG STRIKE OF MARINE MEN

Between 30,000 and 35,000 Men Employed on the Great Lakes Involved —Open Shop Clause the Cause.

Buffalo, N. Y.—The first formal declaration of war by the labor unions on the Great Lakes against the Lake Carriers' association was issued to-day. Officially, it was the inauguration of a strike of between 30,000 and 35,000 men employed in every capacity on board ship except master. As a matter of fact there is practically no change in the situation which has existed since the opening of navigation, when the marine engineers refused to sign contracts in which the Lake Carriers' association inserted the open shop clause. The engineers were backed up by the officers of the Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders association and the Marine Cooks and Stewards' union.

Three Negroes Lynched.

Marshall, Tex.—A mob entered the county jail here early yesterday, secured three negroes, Creole Mose, Pie Hill and Mat Chase, and lynched all of them. The militia, which had been guarding the jail for three days, was relieved at midnight. The mob formed immediately afterward, taking the authorities by surprise. The negroes were charged with shooting and killing Deputy Sheriff Huffman and wounding Constable Cargill a few days ago while the officers were raiding a crap game.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

5 DROPS
TRADE MARK
CURES
RHEUMATISM
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA
NEURALGIA and
KIDNEY TROUBLE

"5-DROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND
Of Brewton, Ga., writes:
"I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from "5-DROPS." I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS," and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle, "5-DROPS" (200 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY,
Dept. 80. 160 Lake Street, Chicago.

If you are a business man, did you ever think of the field of opportunity that advertising opens to you? There is almost no limit to the possibilities of your business if you study how to turn trade into your store. If you are not getting your share of the business of your community *there's a reason.* People go where they are attracted—where they *know* what they can get and how much it is sold for. If you make direct statements in your advertising see to it that you are able to fulfill every promise you make. You will add to your business reputation and hold your customers. It will not cost as much to run your ad in this paper as you think. It is the persistent advertiser who gets there. Have something in the paper every issue, no matter how small. We will be pleased to quote you our advertising rates, particularly on the year's business.

MAKE YOUR APPEAL

to the public through the columns of this paper. With every issue it carries its message into the homes and lives of the people. Your competitor has his store news in this issue. Why don't you have yours? Don't blame the people for flocking to his store. They know what he has.

The Home Paper Gives you the reading matter in which you have the greatest interest—the home news. Its every issue will prove a welcome visitor to every member of the family. It should head your list of newspaper and periodical subscriptions.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Enlarging Your Business

If you are in business and you want to make more money you will read every word we have to say. Are you spending your money for advertising in haphazard fashion as if intended for charity, or do you advertise for direct results?

Did you ever stop to think how your advertising can be made a source of profit to you, and how its value can be measured in dollars and cents. If you have not, you are throwing money away.

Advertising is a modern business necessity, but must be conducted on business principles. If you are not satisfied with your advertising you should set aside a certain amount of money to be spent annually, and then carefully note the effect it has in increasing your volume of business; whether a 10, 20 or 30 per cent increase. If you watch this gain from year to you will become intensely interested in your advertising, and how you can make it enlarge your business.

If you try this method we believe you will not want to let a single issue of this paper go to press without something from your store.

We will be pleased to have you call on us, and we will take pleasure in explaining our annual contract for so many inches, and how it can be used in whatever amount that seems necessary to you.

If you can sell goods over the counter we can also show you why this paper will best serve your interests when you want to reach the people of this community.

JOB PRINTING We can do the finest class of printing, and we can do that class just a little cheaper than the other fellow. Wedding invitations, letter heads, bill heads, sale bills, statements, dodgers, cards, etc., all receive the same careful treatment—just a little better than seems necessary. Prompt delivery always.

Examine Our Bright New Spring Goods

The Largest and Most Stylish Selection in the County

Carfeully Select Your New Spring Hats.

Never has there been a season when care in selection was so important as this Spring. The styles are really beautiful and also practical.

The variety of shades and trimming effect is wonderfully large, yet every one is strictly in keeping with the accepted fashion effect. Every customer is sure of finding here a hat suited to her. Our salesladies are experienced in their line and no work leaves our work-room without our personal supervision.

LUDLAMS.

ESTABLISHED, 1866.

Cameron County Press.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Publisher.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Don't Experiment.

You Will Make No Mistake if You Follow This Advice

Never neglect your kidneys.

If you have pain in the back, urinary disorders, dizziness and nervousness, it's time to act and no time to experiment. These are all symptoms of kidney trouble, and you should seek a remedy which is known to cure the kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills is the remedy to use. No need to experiment. It has cured many stubborn cases in this vicinity.

Can Emporium residents demand further proof than that contained in the following testimonial?

Mrs. C. E. Decker, 46 S. St. Marys. Pa., says: "For two years I suffered from kidney complaint. There were severe pains through my back and sides, headaches were frequent and my ankles swelled. I often became so dizzy that I thought I would fall and though specialists treated me, no relief followed. Doan's Kidney Pills were so highly recommended that I procured a box and soon noticed a great change. It was only a short time before I received a complete cure and I have not had the slightest symptom of kidney complaint since. I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as a reliable Kidney remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents, Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Do It Now.

Now is the time to get rid of your rheumatism. You can do so by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Nine cases out of ten are simply muscular rheumatism due to cold or damp, or chronic rheumatism, and yield to the vigorous application of this liniment. Try it. You are certain to be delighted with the quick relief which it affords. Sold by Taggart.

Hoarseness, bronchitis and other throat troubles are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar as it soothes and heals the inflamed throat and bronichial tubes and the most obstinate cough disappears. Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by all druggists.

Living Rooms for Rent.

Convenient suite of living rooms, over our store, for rent, Apply to

MRS. E. S. COPPERSMITH.

It you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver trouble as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse the system, which is what everyone needs in the spring in order to feel well. Sold by all druggists.

For a burn or scald apply Chamberlain's Salve. It will allay the pain almost instantly and quickly heal the injured parts. For sale by Taggart.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are antiseptic and relieve pain quickly. Insist upon DeWitt's. Send your name to E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, for a free trial box. Sold by all druggists.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 1, 1909.

President Taft has expressed himself, recently, as not so well pleased with the attitude of the Senate toward the tariff bill. The members oi the Finance Committee have consulted the President from time to time, regarding certain features of their substitute, and for the provisions relating to imports from the Philippines, the proposed customs court and the maximum minimum clause, they have won his unqualified approval. With regard to specific rates, however, Mr. Taft has not been consulted and the Senate leaders have contented themselves with general assurances, to the President, of their sincerity of purpose so to frame the schedules as to command his approval. It is not at all clear whether President Taft's desire to commend all that was commendable has been misconstrued, or whether the erroneous impression has been gained that his satisfaction with certain features of the measure would offset his disapproval of the schedules.

In discussing the tariff recently with friends the President has frankly deplored the fact that the men on whose assistance he should be able to rely, to insure an adequate revision of the Dingley rates, are so unwilling to subordinate their local interests to the national welfare and are selfishly insistent on the maintenance of high duties on those commodities most produced in their respective states.

The President is keenly alive to the importance of expeditious work by the two houses of Congress, he realizes to the full the embarrassment to the business interests of the country which is the inevitable concomitant of uncertainty regarding the tariff rates; but he is no less appreciative of the fact that the present tariff revision will, or should, be of such a character as to forestall all reasonable agitation for onother adjustment of the schedules for a decade or longer. Under these circumstances he places the interests of the consumer for that period against the immediate necessities of the business man, and from the comparison he arrives at the conclusion that, for purely economic reasons, it is better to prolong the present situation even by a veto, if that be necessary, than to have written on the statutes an inequitable tariff act.

Senate leaders are rather disposed to dismiss with little consideration all intimations of the President's dissatisfaction, and they go so far even as to assert that only those who are making the tariff can form any adequate conception of the difficulties as to the form the measure will assume after it has been submitted to the fire of the conference. However that may be, the Chief Executive has a keen suspicion that the unequivocal expression of dissatisfaction, on the part of loyal Republicans, with the Senate's work thus far, can only promote the ultimate formulation of a measure which he can cordially approve.

The Republican members of the Finance Committee have completed the draft of the section creating the new tariff bureau. This bureau is to be formed by consolidating the existing bureaus of statistics and manufacturers, now under the supervision of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor; the bureau of trade relations, now a part of the Department of State, and the division of customs, of the Treasury Department. The new bureau will be made a part of the Treasury Department, and an additional Assistant Secretary of the Treasury will be provided for who will have immediate jurisdiction over it.

A second section of the Senate substitute provides for special agents, to be appointed by the President to collect information here and abroad concerning foreign customs duties for the use of the President in administering the maximum minimum clause of the tariff bill. They will, of course, work in conjunction with the new tariff bureau.

The advocates of the tariff commission plan threaten to make a vigorous attack on the bureau plan if it does not meet their expectations. They have no objection to the investigating body being known as a bureau instead of a commission, but they will insist that it shall have both the ability and the power to find out tariff facts, here and abroad, and to make public its findings.

The State Department is in receipt of reassuring dispatches from Ambassador Leishman at Constantinople, which have added to their confidence that there is no longer cause for apprehension as to the welfare of Americans in Turkey. Mr. Leishman expresses himself as greatly pleased with the way in which the new constitutional government has taken hold of the situation, and he predicts that there will be no necessity for martial law after another week or two. The trials of offenders are being conducted with dispatch, he says, the merchants have begun to do their usual business, and in a short time normal conditions will prevail.

Biliousness and Constipation.

For years I was troubled with biliousness and constipation, which made life miserable for me. My appetite failed me. I lost my usual force and vitality. Pepsin preparations and cathartics only made matters worse. I do not know where I should have been to day had I not tried Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablet's. The tablets relieve the ill feeling at once, strengthen the digestive functions, purify the stomach, liver and blood, helping the system to do its work naturally.—Mrs. Rosa Potts, Birmingham, Ala. These tablets are for sale at Taggart's.

Many weak, nervous, women have been restored to health by Foley's Kidney Remedy as it stimulates the kidneys so they will eliminiate the waste matter from the blood. Impurities depress the nerves, causing nervous exhaustion and other ailments. Commence to-day and you will soon be well. Pleasant to take. Sold by all druggists.

DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is good for cuts, burns and bruises, and is especially good for piles. Refuse substitues. Sold by all druggists.

Heart-burn, sour risings, belching, dull, heavy feeling and such things are caused by indigestion. Kodol stops them by digesting all the food you eat.

The Foolish Railroads.

The stage fare from Huntsville to Glasgow--twenty-five miles—was $1.50. This stage carried the mail, and it had to go. When the roads were so muddy horses could not pull the stage a double yoke of oxen took their places. It was slow traveling, but they got through. The steamboat fare from Glasgow to St. Louis in the early fifties was $7. That included stateroom and meals, and if the boat was held up a week or two on a sand bar the accommodations went on without extra charge. The steamboat owners never believed the railroads could successfully compete with them. The way they looked at it people wouldn't be willing to travel 100 or 200 miles tied down to one seat in a small car when they might be enjoying the freedom of a big and handsomely furnished boat. "Then how are they going to find room for an orchestra and a dance?" an old river captain wanted to know. "No place to eat or drink; no room to move about; just sit still all day long on a little wooden bench. Why, it's downright foolishness!"—Macon Republican.

The Eye on the Red Flag.

There are many odd bits of bunting unfolded to the breeze in New York harbor, but the oddest of all perhaps is the ensign that flutters from the staff of a little craft that rounds the Battery sea wall promptly at noon every day and then disappears up the North river. It is a triangular flag with a flaming red background, from which stands out in bold relief a great cyclopean eye. Inside the pilothouse is a man in blue coat and brass buttons, who views the water front and passing craft through a long telescope. This is the supervisor of the harbor. His duties are to see that the regulations are observed in the East river, the upper bay and the Hudson river, that the channels are kept free of obstructions and that the city's docks and ferries are being looked after as they should be. As soon as he steps on board his vessel the unique ensign is raised. It signifies to all nautical folk: "I've got my eye on you. Watch out!"—New York Sun.

His Walking Papers.

"My sister 'll be down in a minute," said little Clarence, who was entertaining the young man in the parlor. "I heard her tellin' maw a little while ago that she was goin' to give you your written permission to perambulate tonight. What do you reckon she meant by that?"

"I think I know, Clarence," said the young man, reaching for his hat. "You may tell her, if you please, that I have decided not to wait for it."—Exchange.

Barring It Out.

Irate Parent — So you think my daughter loves you, sir, and you wish to marry her? Young Lover—That's what I called to see you about. And if you don't mind I thought I'd just ask first if there is any insanity in your family. Irate Parent—No, sir, and there's not going to be any.—London Express.

Parliamentary Procedure.

"How about my letter of proposal?" demanded the young congressman.

"It has been advanced to a second reading," answered the haughty Washington belle.—Kansas City Journal.

To draw a caricature of our contemporaries is not difficult. It requires only a small portion of talent and a great want of courtesy.—Disraeli.

MEISEL'S

The Store of Quality

Ice Cream,
Confectionery,
Cigars,
Post Cards
and Fruit.

High Grade Chocolates a Specialty.

J. B. MEISEL.

LADY WANTED!

To introduce our large 1909 Spring line of beautiful dress goods and waistings. Latest up-to-date New York City patterns. Handsomest line of materials ever seen. Quick sales, large profits. Can make $20 or more weekly. Samples and full instructions packed in neat sample case shipped Express prepaid. No money required. Exclusive territory. Our prices are low. Write for particulars. Be first to apply.

Standard Dress Goods Co., Dept. 6, Binghamton, N. Y

Nervous or Sick Headaches will yield quickly to the influence of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. 25 doses 25 cents.

Desertion Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that my wife, Carrie S. Spence, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I hereby caution all persons not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I shall not pay any bills of her contracting.

C. W. SPENCE.

Shippen, Pa., April 24th, 1909.—11-3t.

To Whom Concerned

HAVING sold my Drug Store Stock to George C. Taggart, April 1st, 1909, all bills subsequent to that date will be paid by him. Book accounts prior to that date are payable to H. M. Taggart. An early settlement is requested.

H. M. TAGGART.

Emporium, Pa., April 24th, 1909.—11-3t

BIG REDUCTIONIN STATIONERY

To reduce our stock of writing paper we are making a great slaughter in prices. Come and see for yourself.

60c paper at 35c
50c paper at 30c
35c and 45c paperat 28c
30c paper at 23c
25c poper at 19c
20c paper at 14c

Old Reliable Drug Store

GEORGE C. TAGGART, Prop.

F. E. ROWLEY,

THIRD STREET, EMPORIUM, PA.

Retail Dealer in

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES

Lumber Hemlock, Bill Stuff, rough and planed, Yellow Pine, White Pide, Hardwoods.

Flooring White Pine, Yellow Pine, Hemlock, Maple.

Siding White Pine, Basswood, Poplar.

Ceilings White Pine, Yellow Pine, Basswood.

Mouldings Yellow Pine, White Pine.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Window and Door Frames.

Porch Turned Columns, Colonial Columns, Balusters, Brackets, Spindles, Rail.

Shingles and Lath

Finishing Lumber White Pine, Yellow Pine, Moulding Casings, Moulded Base.

YARD and OFFICE, Third Street.

Royal
Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

Renders the food more wholesome and superior in lightness and flavor.

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. Tell us what you would like to see in this department, and send same by postal card, letter or personally.

Will Munsell, of this place, made a business trip to Jamestown, N. Y., last Friday.

H. Clint Olmsted, of Bradford, made his usual business trip to this place the last of the week.

Miss Eleanore Christler, of this place, visited relatives at St. Marys for a few days, during the past week.

R. A. Eick, Supt. of the Emporium Tannery was a business caller at the PRESS office last Saturday.

Ralph L. Richardson and John Gleason, of Driftwood, were business callers at this place, last Saturday.

E. B. Saunders, of Buffalo, made his regular call on the hardware merchants at this place the last of the week.

Mrs. George, of Port Allegany, was a guest at the home of C. G. Catlin and family on Fifth street, over Sunday.

Miss McCaslin, of Hicks Run, was a guest of Miss Margaret Weisenfluh at her home on Fifth street, last Saturday.

S. D. McCoole, of Driftwood, transacted business at the County Seat last Monday, and made the PRESS office a short call.

James Welsh, ticket agent at the Broad Street Station, was called to Corning, N. Y., last Friday on account of the death of a brother at that place.

Miss Anna Straub, of St. Marys, was a guest of Miss Christy McDonald the first of the week and attended the Resnad Club Dance, on Monday evening.

Misses Grace Lloyd and Floss Taggart returned to their home in this place last Monday, from a visit with the latter's sister, Mrs. Deike, at Kittanning, Pa.

Homer Hayes received a telegram from Buffalo, last Friday, announcing the serious illness of his sister, Miss Charlotte. Mr. Hayes started for Buffalo at once.

Miss Julia Hogan, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Getchel, at Binghamton, N. Y., for several months, returned to her home at this place, last Monday.

P. S. Martin, of Powell, Bradford county, Supt. of Greenwood Tannery at Powell, who has been the guest of his neice, Mrs. R. A. Eick, returned to his home last Saturday.

Misses Lilly and Jessie Card, of Moore Hill, departed for Salt Lake City, Utah, last Friday, where they have accepted positions teaching in the public schools at that place.

Prof. D. B. Hourhan, who has been teaching at Portland Mills during the past school term, was a guest of friends at this place over Sunday. Prof. Hourhan taught at the Plank Road School one year ago.

Mrs. G. H. Leathers, of Howard, Pa., is a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cummings and family on South Broad street. Mabel Cummings, who spent the winter at Howard, returned home with Mrs. Leathers.

Miss Bessie Calkins, of DuBois, is a guest at the home of Hon. B. W. Green and family on Sixth street. Miss Calkins assisted the choir at Emmanuel Episcopal Church last Sunday. Miss Calkins will be pleasantly remembered as the daughter of our former citizen, Mr. W. L. Calkins and a niece of Mrs. T. F. Moore, of Sixth street.

John Whiting and George Summerson, two of Sterling Run's bright young men, were shopping in Emporium last Tuesday.

Norman MacIntosh, who has worked for C. B. Howard Company for many years was an agreeable PRESS visitor Monday evening and carried away a receipt for another year's PRESS.

The PRESS sanctum was visited on Monday evening by our friend, Mr. Geo. Baxter, who is one of the Keystone Powder Company's reliable employees. Mr. Baxter believes in paying his bills, although he does work hard for a living. Would we had a thousand more citizens just like him, who would pay for this year's PRESS and another year in advance. They are few that do that.

Prof. D. B. Peterson of Cameron, was a business caller in town Tuesday.

Miss Ethel Fisher of Howard Siding, was shopping in town Wednesday.

Mrs. H. H. Knight, of St. Marys, called on friends in town Wednesday afternoon.

Misses Ellen Auchu and Lena Bair and J. M. Bair attended the K. of C. ball at Olean last evening.

Hon. F. X. Baumle and wife, spent Wednesday visiting friends at St. Marys.

Mr. Jacob Falk, of WilkesBarre, Pa., is guest of his son, Dr. H. S. Falk at this place.

Miss Jessie Anderson is visiting her brother, Dr. Guy R. Anderson, at Barnesboro, Pa.

Misses Edith Ault and Teressa Hultz of Eldred, are visiting with Rev. F. B. Schriner and family at this place.

John A. Johnston and son Lloyd go to DuBois to-day to visit relatives before they move to Harrisburg.

Dr. Walter H. Bush, returned to this place on Tuesday, after a most enjoyable visit to his home at Cincinnati.

Mrs. M. M. Larrabee has returned to her home from visiting with her son Don M. Larrabee and family at Williamsport.

Miss Lena Coyle is unable to attend to her duties in the store of Mrs. E. S. Coppersmith, being confined to her home by illness.

Judge B. W. Green and Jos. Kaye left last Sunday on a business trip to Wisconsin. They returned home yesterday.

Misses Flora Schlecht and Mazie Gallagher, of this place, are visiting at Johnsonburg, guests of the former's sister.

Misses Teressa Lawson of Beechwood and Alice Quigley of Emporium left on Monday for Clarion State Normal.

Addison Gross and family are now nicely settled in their new home over Shive's grocery store, having moved from the rooms over Lechner's shoe store.

Mrs. Pearson Fry and son, who have been guests at the home of Jas Wright and family on Fourth street, departed for Williamsport on Wednesday, where they will visit relatives.

Mr. Fred Shaffer, of Sterling Run, who has been in very poor health for two years, has been visiting in town this week. We are glad to see he is greatly improved in health.

Dr. Leon R. Felt was the first to appear with summer headgear among gentlemen this season. We are glad the start is made and hope that others will follow. Hogan get a new hat.

Mrs. Michael Evers of Beechwood, accompanied by her daughter Mrs. Ed. Reid of Emporium have returned home, after attending the exercises given by the Erie County Hospital Nurses at Buffalo, on April 30th.

Miss Maude Callahan, of Driftwood, was a guest of Miss Anna Schweikart, last Monday and attended the dance of the Resnad Club.

Mr. C. Jay Goodnough visited at Philadelphia last Saturday and Coudersport on Monday.

Iron Master Mr. Andrew Brady, went to New York on Tuesday evening on business. Our citizens hope the furnace will renew the blast upon his return.

H. C. Olmsted has trimmed his beard, which is a sure sign of summer. Our devil says M. T. Hogan wears the same straw hat, but that does not count for he wore it all winter.

Miss Elaine Havens and Master Merrill Havens, of Olean, are visiting in town, the former as guest of Miss Marion Judd, while the latter is visiting at the home of Mr. Henry Robinson, on East Allegany Avenue.

Mrs. John H. Cole, who has been in Emporium for some time assisting in the care of her mother, Mrs. Riley Warner, departed for her home at Keokok, Iowa, to-day. We are sorry to state that Mrs. Warner does not improve very rapidly.

One pound of Prunes and can of Squash for 10c, at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Sweet Clover Peas, 3 cans for 25c, at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Refugee Beans, 3 cans for 25c, at C. B. Howard & Co's.

Not Piety, but Pork.

The following bit of humor is taken from "The Farringdons," an English romance. The speakers are Mrs. Bateson and Mrs. Hankey, worthy wives, but not altogether above feeling a certain pleasure in showing up the ways of husbands:

"They've no sense, men haven't," said Mrs. Hankey; "that's what's the matter with them."

"You never spoke a truer word, Mrs. Hankey," replied Mrs. Bateson. "The very best of them don't properly know the difference between their souls and their stomachs, and they fancy they are a-wrestling with their doubts when really it is their dinners that are wrestling with them.

"Now, take Bateson hisself," continued Mrs. Bateson. "A kinder husband or better Christian never drew breath, yet so sure as he touches a bit of pork he begins to worry hisself about the salvation of his soul till there's no living with him. And then he'll sit in the front parlor and engage in prayer for hours at a time till I says to him:

"'Bateson,' says I, 'I'd be ashamed to go troubling the Lord with a prayer when a pinch of carbonate of soda would set things straight again!'"

Dyeing Real Flowers.

"Every once in awhile some florist gets busy and puts some odd colored blossoms in his window as an extra attraction to the display," said a clubman. "I just noticed one down the street. It consisted of a bunch of impossibly green carnations. At first glance a good many people thought they were made of paper, but they got interested when they found out that they were 'natural.' Now, anybody who wants to have any of these freak flowers can get them by buying some kind of aniline ink, any color desired. Carnations are the easiest to color—white ones, of course. Put their stems in a glass filled with ink. Their stems are soft, and in a short while the larger veins in their petals are filled with the ink. Don't let them absorb too much color. They are prettier with just so much. Then remove them and put them in a vase of salt water. Lilies of the valley lend themselves to this scheme also. In fact, any white, soft stemmed flower may be used."—Philadelphia Record.

Famous Golf Match.

A projected golf match between two well known amateurs and a leading member of the London stock exchange for a stake of £500 recalls the famous foursome in which the Duke of York, afterward James II., took a prominent part on the Leith links in the year 1682. It was really an international contest, in which the duke, with John Patersone, a golfing shoemaker of great repute, championed Scotland against two noblemen of England, a heavy wager depending on the issue. The duke and the cobbler had an easy victory, thanks largely to the man of the last, and John Patersone's share of the stakes was so substantial that he was able to build a goodly house in the Canongate, in a wall of which the duke caused a stone to be placed bearing the Patersone arms with the motto "Far and sure," a tribute to the cobbler's driving powers. Patersone's house, we understand, survives today. —Westminster Gazette.

Foiled.

Noiselessly, but with all his might, the burglar tugged at the dressing table drawer. In vain. It refused to open. He tugged again.

"Give it another jerk," said a voice behind him.

The burglar turned.

The owner of the house was sitting up in bed and looking at him with an expression of the deepest interest on his face.

"Jerk it again. There's a lot of valuable property in that drawer, but we haven't been able to open it since the damp weather began. If you can pull it out I'll give you a handsome royalty on everything that's"—

But the burglar had jumped out through the window, taking a part of the sash with him.—Exchange.

Tat For Tit.

They were sitting out in the conservatory. Sam sat on the sofa, and Sally sat on Sam, but it was all right, for he had just asked her to marry him. She had said, "I don't care if I do," and thus they were engaged.

"Sam, dear," she began, "am I the only girl"—

"Now, look here, Sally," he interrupted, "don't ask me if you're the only girl I ever loved. You know as well as I do"—

"Oh, that wasn't the question at all, Sam," she answered. "I was going to ask if I was the only girl who would have you."—London Answers.

Difficult Advice.

Mrs. Rayce was talking to another young woman at a tea.

"How decidedly better off a man would be," said the other young woman, "if he would only take his wife's advice!"

"Quite true, my dear," said Mrs. Rayce. "I've advised my George time and time again not to bet on horses that don't win, but he will do it."

Why He Quit.

"So you abandoned the simple style of spelling?"

"Yes," responded the former advocate of the fad. "I found it so difficult to make people understand that I knew better."—Philadelphia Ledger.

As Good as He Gave.

"Here is my seat, madam, but candor compels me to say that I think you are as well able to stand as I am."

"Politeness compels me to say 'Thank you, sir.'"—New York Journal.

Religious.

The Sabbath School Convention and Distriat Quarterly Meeting of the Bradford district of the Free Methodist Church at this place, April 28 to May 2, was well attended. The stormy weather did not seem to mar the interest and enthusiasm of those attending. The addresses of Rev. J. S. McGeary, of Sharon, Pa., were unusually inspiring and instructive. Preachers, delegates and visitors from all parts of the district came in such numbers as was surprising, considering the storm and most continuous downpour of rain.

The meeting was characteristic of old time Methodism, and much of that joyful freedom and confidence through faith in the gospel, was manifest in the outbursts of song and praise during the services. The love feast Sabbath morning was one long to be remembered by those attending. Testimony, song, praise, attended by seasons of rejoicing in the Lord, came very near crowding out the preaching of the word as announced.

Rev. W. A. Quick, of Bradford, Pa., preached the Sabbath morning sermon, followed by the administration of the Lord's supper.

Rev. J. N. Bennett, of Coudersport, formerly pastor at this place, preached the afternoon sermon, preceeded by the meeting of the Junior Missionary Society, on the topic, "Encouraging Features of Our Foreign Missionary Work."

Rev. J. S. McGeary, gave an outline history of foreign missionary work of the last one hundred years, and an account of the twenty years of Free Methodist missions in foreign lands As a member of the missionary board of the church, he reported at present that the church is now supporting seventy-six missionaries in foreign lands, assisted by sixty-five native preachers.

Sabbath evening was a service of song and praise, followed by the preaching of the word by Rev. T. W. Murry, of Eldred, Pa.

This service will no doubt be long remembered as the time of joyful enthusiasm in praise, prayer and preaching services. The church was crowded to its full seating capacity. Even after the service was over and the district meeting was ended, the people lingered long in the church, loth to part from the place of prayer and praise.

For Sale at a Bargain.

One No. 9 cooking range, for coal or wood, with warming oven and reservoir, in first-class condition. Also one spring tooth harrow. Inquire of

11-3t. H. C. OLMSTED.

Paper Hanging.

We desire to announce that we are now ready to do paper hanging and painting. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Fine line of wall paper samples. A postal card addressed to us will be all that is necessary. We'll find you.

WORMUTH & DIXON,
2-tf. East Emporium, Pa.

EMPORIUM MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., April 30, 1909.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 75
Felt's Fancy, "	1 80
Pet Grove, "	1 80
Graham, "	90
Rye "	75
Patent Meal "	55
Buckwheat Flour	85
Buckwheat Flour, 10lb sack	35
Coarse Meal per 100,	1 65
Chop Feed "	1 65
Matchless Egg Maker, per 100	2 10
Cracked Corn per 100	1 65
Screenings "	1 65
Oil Meal "	1 90
White Middlings,	1 65
Bran,	1 65
Corn per bushel,	92
Oyster Shells, per 100	75
White Oats, per bushel,	67
Seed Oats per bushel	70
Buckwheat	
Alfalfa Meal	1 40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed,	At Market Prices

Disinfect

Now is the time to clean up for the hot weather season.

Fishing Tackle

Got your bait dug?
How are the flies and other tackle?
You will want some soon, now.
We have received a fine assortment of trout tackle of all kinds.
Rods of split bamboo, lance and steel.
Reels from cheap ones up to the automatic kind.
Baskets, slings, lines, hooks, bait cans, tackle books, etc. And nets to gather in "the big ones that get away" usually.

R. C. Dodson

Fresh Crisp Crackers and Wafers

SPRING BROOK CREAMRY BUTTER

DAY'S
The Satisfactory Store

HOME MADE JELLIES AND JAMS

KEEP WATCH FOR NEW GOODS.

We are always on the alert for something new to tickle the palate and as fast as the price comes within reach of this market, secure same. So keep watch of us. A notable feature of this store is its week end Special Sales and to those who watch and take advantage they mean substantial saving. Are you one?

Offer this Week Friday and Saturday,

Sugar—25lb Bag best granulated Sugar, $1.45
California Hams (trimmed shoulder) 10c lb.
6 lbs Laundry Starch in bulk for 25c.
Very best California Lemons, a dozen 20c.
20c Blended Coffee, 2 lbs for 35c.
Dunham's Shredded Cocoanut a lb 35c.
California Lima Beans, very choice, a lb. 8c.
28c Yellow Crawford Peaches, the can 23c.
25c Heinz's Apple Butter, the can 20c.
Domestic Sardines, packed in oil, six cans 25c.
10c Toilet Paper, 8c the roll or 6 rolls for 45c.
50c Ceylon or Oolong Tea a lb 40c.

Fresh Caught Lake Fish LEAVE ORDERS FOR DELIVERY FRIDAY MORNING

Large Collection of Fresh Flower and Garden Seeds

Pratt's Stock and Poultry Regulator.
Pratt's Calf Tonic.
Pratt's Hog Cholera Specific.
Pratt's Colic Cure.
Pratt's Liniment.
Pratt's Lice Killer, liquid and dry

FREE DELIVERY to all parts of Town
Twice Each Day

You Get Better Values Here.

J. H. DAY,

Phone 6. Emporium.

MAY QUEEN
RESOLVED THAT THEY ALWAYS THROW BOQUETS AT THOSE WHO ARE WELL DRESSED. TO BE WELL DRESSED GO TO THE PLACE WHERE THEY KNOW HOW TO DRESS YOU WELL BUSTER
THROWING WREATHS
R. F. Outcault

MAY IS UPON US. HAVE YOU NOT ALREADY WAITED TOO LONG TO PREPARE FOR SPRING AND SUMMER. YOU HAVE SEEN THE CROWDS IN OUR STORE. DOES NOT THAT TELL YOU THAT THE CHOICE THINGS FOR THE SEASON ARE FAST DISAPPEARING. REMEMBER THE SOONER YOU GET YOUR NEW THINGS THE LONGER YOU WILL HAVE TO ENJOY THEM. AND CAN ANYTHING GIVE YOU MORE JOY THAN WEARING ATTRACTIVE APPAREL?

ATTRACTIVE HATS FOR $3.00.
MORE ATTRACTIVE HATS FOR $5.00.
MOST ATTRACTIVE HATS FOR $8.00.

WE CARRY IN OUR STORE EVERYTHING THAT WOMEN AND LITTLE WOMEN WEAR.

MRS. E. S. COPPERSMITH.

SERIAL STORY

THE LOVES of the LADY ARABELLA

By MOLLY ELLIOT SEAWELL

(Copyright, 1906, Bobbs-Merrill Co.)

SYNOPSIS.

At 14 years of age Admiral Sir Peter Hawkshaw's nephew, Richard Glyn, fell deeply in love at first sight with Lady Arabella Stormont, who spurned his attentions. The lad, an orphan, was given a berth as midshipman on the Ajax by his uncle. Giles Vernon, nephew of Sir Thomas Vernon, became the boy's pal. They attended a theater where Hawkshaw's nephew saw Lady Arabella. Vernon met Philip Overton, next in line for Sir Thomas Vernon's estate. They started a duel which was interrupted. Vernon, Overton and Hawkshaw's nephew found themselves attracted by pretty Lady Arabella. The Ajax in battle defeated French warships in the Mediterranean.

CHAPTER IV.

We took the Xantippe home—the Indomptable went to the bottom of the Bay of Biscay—but before our prize-money was settled up we were off again; Sir Peter dearly loved cruising in blue water. It was near two years before we got back to England to spend that prize-money; for, except the captain and Mr. Buxton and some of the married officers, I know of no one who saved any. Sir Peter, I understood afterward, spent much of his in a diamond necklace and tiara for Lady Hawkshaw, in which he was most egregiously cheated by a Portuguese money lender, and the balance he put into a scheme for acclimating elephants in England, which was to make him as rich as Croesus; but he lost £1,000 on the venture, besides his prize-money. In those two years I grew more and more fond of Giles Vernon. We generally contrived to have our watch together, and we were intimate as only shipmates could be. He talked much of what he meant to do when he got ashore with money to spend, and assured me he had never had above £20 of his own in his life. In the course of many nights spent in standing watch together, when the old Ajax was sailing like a witch—for she was a capital sailer at that time—he told me much about his early youth, and I confided to him the story of Betty Green. Giles' career had been the common one of the younger branches of a good family. His father had been a clergyman, and, dying, left several daughters, who married respectably, and this one son, who was put in the sea service very young. At that time several lives stood between Giles and the title and estates of Sir Thomas Vernon, and other lives stood between Giles and Overton; but those had passed away, leaving these two distant kinsmen as heirs to a man that seemed rightfully to have earned his title of "wicked Sir Thomas." I asked Giles if he knew why Sir Thomas, who so cordially hated his heirs, had never married. Giles replied that Sir Thomas showed no inclination to marry until he was near 40. Then his reputation was so well established that he was generally looked askant upon; his character for truth was bad and at cards was worse. But he had induced a lady of rank and wealth to become engaged to be married to him. His treatment of her was so infamous that her whole family had declared war against him, and had succeeded in breaking off several very desirable alliances he would have liked to make. Of course a man of his rank and wealth could find some woman—alas!—to take him; but Sir Thomas was bent on money, with an inclination toward rank, and was the last man on earth to marry unless he had a substantial inducement; and several more years had passed without his being able to effect the sort of marriage he desired. Meanwhile, his health had broken down, and he was now a shattered man and prey for the doctors. All this was very interesting to me, especially as Sir Thomas' two heirs would one day have the experience of shooting at each other, and possibly deciding the matter of heirship by the elimination of one or the other from the question.

We both got promotion, of course, and that brought us into the gunroom; but we were as intimate there as in our reefer days in the cockpit. On a glorious October morning in 1799, our anchor kissed the ground in Portsmouth harbor.

When we reached Portsmouth, the news of our good fortune had preceded us, and we were welcomed with open arms by men, women, and children—especially the women. All the prize-money brought back by any single ship during the war was insignificant compared with ours. The men were seized with a kind of madness for spending their money. The spectacle of an ordinary seaman parading the streets of Portsmouth with a gold-laced hat, a gold-headed stick, and watches and jewelry hung all over him was common enough, and he was sure to be an Ajax man. Sad to say, the pimps and the worst class of men and women soon got the money away from our poor fellows.

The officers, in their way, were but little behind the men in their lavishness. Champagne was their common drink, and several of them invested in coaches!—the last thing they would ever have a chance of using.

Giles Vernon, although the most wasteful and profuse man I ever saw, desired to spend his money in London, Portsmouth being too small a theater for him. But the pressing affair of the satisfaction he owned Capt. Overton had to be settled. After much hard thinking, Giles came to me on the day after we reached Portsmouth, and said:

"Dicky boy, read this letter and give me your opinion of it."

This was the letter:

"H. M. S. Ajax, May 17, 1799.

"Capt. Philip Overton:

"Dear Sir: This is to inform you that I have reached Portsmouth, after a very successful cruise in the Ajax, when we took the Indomptable and Xantippe and a large sum in specie. My shair is considerable—more money in short than I ever saw, much less handled, in my life. I would like a month in London to spend this money before offering my carkass to be made full of holes by you. Dear sir, consider. If I escape your marksmanship, the month more or less will be of little account; and if I fall, I shall miss the finest chance of seeing the world I ever had in my life. I think, sir, with difidence I say it, that my record in the Ajax is enough to make plain I am not shurking the satisfaction I owe you, but I would take it as a personal favor if you would put it off to this day month, when I will be in London. And as I shall eat and drink of the best, 'tis ten to one I will be much fater and therefore be a much better mark for you. I am, dear sir, Your obliged and

"Obedient servant,

"GILES VERNON."

I pointed out to Giles that, although the tone of the letter was quite correct, the writing and spelling were scarce up to the standard—I was more bookish than Giles. But he replied with some heat:

"Who, while reading the communication of a gentleman, will be so base as to sneer at the grammar or spelling?" So the letter went as it was, and in reply came a very handsome, well-expressed letter from Capt. Overton, not only agreeing to postpone it a month, but for six weeks, which pleased Giles mightily. I wish to say, although Giles was inexpert with the pen, he had no lack of either polish or ideas, and was as fine an officer as ever walked the deck.

The matter with Overton finally settled, and the ship being paid off, Giles and I started for London, as happy as

With Her Were Daphne and the Glorious Lady Arabella.

two youngsters could be, with liberty and £2,000 apiece to spend, for I acknowledge that I had no more thought of saving than Giles. We took a chaise and four to London—no stage-coach for us!—and reached there in a day. We had planned to take the finest rooms at Mivart's hotel, but fate and Lady Hawkshaw prevented me from enjoying them except for the first night of our arrival. Next morning on presenting myself at the admiralty to ask for letters—never dreaming I should have any—I received one from Sir Peter Hawkshaw, which read:

"Grand-Nephew.—My Lady Hawkshaw desires that you will come and bring your money with you to our house in Berkeley Square, and remain there.

"Yours, etc.,

"P. HAWKSHAW, C. B."

Great was my distress when I got this letter, as I foresaw there would not be much chance under Lady Hawkshaw's eagle eye of seeing the kind of life I wished to see. And I was obliged to go, for Sir Peter was the only person on earth likely to interest himself at the admiralty for me; and I might stay and wither on shore while others more fortunate got ships, if I antagonized him. And when Lady Hawkshaw commanded there was but one thing to do, and that was to obey.

So, with a heavy heart, I took myself and my portmanteau and, in a canvas bag, my 2,000 guineas to the admiral's great fine house in Berkeley Square. My parting with Giles was melancholy enough; for, with the womanish jealousy of a boy, I was unhappy to think he would be enjoying himself with some one else, while I was suffering the hardship of having my money taken care of for me.

Giles had no more forgotten the Lady Arabella than I had, and, on reading this note, exclaimed:

"Zounds! I wish Peter and Polly had sent for me to stay in Berkeley Square, with that divine creature under the same roof. Do you think, Dicky, we could exchange identities, so to speak?" But on my reminding him that Lady Hawkshaw had demanded my prize-money, and would certainly get it, his ardor to stand in my shoes somewhat abated.

When I reached Sir Peter's house about noon, the same tall and insolent footman that I had seen on my first visit opened the door for me. Lady Hawkshaw, wearing the same black velvet gown and the identical feathers, received me, and sitting with her were Daphne Carmichael and the glorious, the beautiful, the enchanting Lady Arabella Stormont.

If I had fallen madly in love with her when I was but 14, and had only seven and sixpence, one may imagine where I found myself when I was near 17, and had £2,000 in a bag in my hands. Lady Hawkshaw's greeting was stiff, but far from unkind; and she introduced me to the young ladies, who curtsied most beautifully to me, and, I may say, looked at me not unkindly.

"Is that your prize-money in that bag, Richard?" asked Lady Hawkshaw, immediately.

I replied it was.

"Jeames," she said, "go and make my compliments to Sir Peter, and say to him that if he has nothing better to do, I would be glad to see him at once. And order the coach."

James departed.

I sat in adoring silence, oblivious of Daphne, but gazing at Lady Arabella until she exclaimed, pettishly:

"La! Have I got a cross-eye or a crooked nose, Mr. Richard, that you can't take your eyes off me?"

"You have neither," I replied, gallantly. "And my name is not Mr. Richard, but Mr. Glyn, at your ladyship's service."

"Arabella," said Lady Hawkshaw in a voice of thunder, "be more particular in your address to young gentlemen."

"Oh, yes, ma'am!" pertly replied Lady Arabella. "But such very young gentlemen, like Mr. Glyn, or Mr. Thin, or whatever his name may be, are always difficult to please in the way of address. If you are familiar, they are affronted; and if you are reserved, they think you are making game of them."

By this speech I discovered that although Lady Hawkshaw might rule her world, terrorize Sir Peter, and make the lords of the admiralty her humble servitors, she had one rebel in the camp, and that was Lady Arabella Stormont. I saw that her remarks displeased Lady Hawkshaw, but she endured them in silence. Who, though, would not endure anything from that cherub mouth and those dazzling eyes?

Sir Peter now appeared and greeted me.

"Sir Peter," said Lady Hawkshaw in her usual authoritative manner, "you will go in the coach with me to the bank, with Richard Glyn, to deposit his money. You will be ready in ten minutes, when the coach will be at the door."

"I will go with you, madam," replied Sir Peter; "but I shall order my horse, and ride a-horseback, because I do not like riding in that damned stuffy coach. And, besides, when you and your feathers get in, there is no room for me."

"You ride a-horseback!" sniffed Lady Hawkshaw. "Even the grooms and stable boys laugh at you. You are always talking some sea nonsense about keeping the horse's head to the wind, and yawing and luffing and bowsing at the bowline, and what not; and, besides, I am afraid to trust you since Brown Jane threw you in the park."

It ended by Sir Peter's going in the coach, where the little man lay back in the corner, nearly smothered by Lady Hawkshaw's voluminous robe, and pishing and pshawing the whole way.

But I was quite happy—albeit I was the victim of Lady Hawkshaw in having my money kept for me—for on the seat beside me was Lady Arabella, who chose to go with us. She made much game of me, but I had the spirit to answer her back. After placing the money, we took an airing in the park, and then returned to dinner at five o'clock. I neither knew nor cared what became of Daphne; for was I not with the adored Lady Arabella?

That night Lady Hawkshaw was at home, and I had my first experience of a London rout. The card tables were set on the lower floor, for although Lady Hawkshaw hated cards, yet it was commonly said that no one could entertain company in London without them.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

INTO SERE AND YELLOW LEAF.

Eighteenth Century Women Seem to Have Willingly Settled Down.

In an English novel of the eighteenth century the author thus refers to a certain woman: "She had reached the age of 35, an age beyond which no woman can hope either to feel or inspire deep affection." In one of George Meredith's early novels he refers to a character as a woman "on the criminal side of 30." A Boston woman in the last century, after reaching the age of 30, put on, over her abundant natural hair, a false front and a cap. These were the outward and visible signs of the matronly maturity she had reached. She gave up at the same time all the gayer forms of social intercourse. She confined herself thereafter to the mild and elderly variety. She had "come out" into Boston society at 15. After two years of social gayeties she had married. At 30 she was the mother of eight children. She had lived the active part of her life. In accordance with the conventions of her time she settled down to a life of vegetating domesticity. She was not an exception. She was the normal woman of her day, registering its customs, just as a good thermometer registers the temperature.—Appleton's Magazine.

Pennsylvania Happenings

Philadelphia.—The agreement between the miners and operators insuring industrial peace in the anthracite coal regions for another period of three years has been signed.

Philadelphia.—Dr. E. A. Spitzka of the Jefferson Medical college is in possession of the brain which is said to have been removed from the head of Dr. Persifor Frazer, the noted handwriting expert and chemist.

Tyrone.—John Schuman, who claims to be the champion walker of the world and who has undertaken to push a small wheelbarrow from Chicago to New York in 300 hours to win a wager of $1,000, arrived here. Schuman has five days remaining in which to reach New York.

Washington.—Waynesburg capitalists have obtained 20-day options on 1,000 acres of coal in South Franklin township just south of Washington, at $200 an acre. The projecting of a trolley line from Waynesburg to Washington through the territory prompted activity.

Waynesburg.—At a conference of the promoters of several trolley lines radiating from Waynesburg it was decided to proceed immediately with the construction of a line from Waynesburg to Claysville by way of Prosperity, with a spur from the latter point to Washington. The surveys have been completed and the rights of way secured.

Pittsburg.—I. E. Ackerly, a Pittsburg business man now in Florida, will return shortly—according to reports from the south—with the skeleton of a shark eight feet long. At Mayport Mr. Ackerly had the line when the monster was hooked. Reports are meagre on details of the ensuing struggle, but it is known that it required five shots to end Mr. Shark.

Washington.—Out of 26 candidates for mine foremen, eight were successful. Of the 65 candidates for fire boss 13 were successful. They are: First-class mine foremen—James R. Black, Anson B. Nedrow, Thomas J. Kane, James C. Smith, John Shultz, Robert M. Charleton, Thomas Skillcorn, James A. Conway. Fire bosses—A. C. Gunter, Robert Carleton, John Brown, George F. Young, James McGill, John Shultz, John J. Clover, Andrew Minford, Arch John J. Clover, Andrew Minford, Archie Gordon, William H. Gillie, Martin Thompson, Isaiah Luckle, E. P. Callaghan.

Harrisburg.—Gov. Stuart announced the following appointments: Alexander J. Pentecost, Pittsburg; William S. McKinney, Pittsburg; John T. Iams, Waynesburg; Hay Walker, jr., Pittsburg; William D. Wallace, New Castle; F. H. Skelding, Pittsburg; John W. Crawford, Pittsburg, to be managers of the Pennsylvania Reform school at Morganza. Samuel S. Hartranft, Norristown; Martin G. Brumbaugh, Philadelphia; John F. Nicholson, Philadelphia; J. P. Hale Jenkins, Norristown; William A. Patton, Philadelphia; Richmond L. Jones, Reading, to be members of the Valley Forge commission.

Harrisburg.—Gov. Stuart signed 50 new laws and issued a statement regarding appropriaitions in which he declared it will be impossible for him to comply with requests for hearings concerning pending appropriation bills. Among the measures signed by Gov. Stuart was the Townsend-Grim automobile act, which provides for the registration of machines according to horsepower, with fees from $5 to $15, and the licensing of chauffeurs at $2. It fixes the maximum speed limit in open country at a mile in 2½ minutes, and in built-up sections at a mile in five minutes. Fines for violating the act are from $10 or ten days in jail up to $200 or 30 days in jail.

Harrisburg.—Gov. Stuart has signed the resolution of the legislature directing the state treasurer to settle with the bondsmen of the defunct Allegheny National bank on a basis of 2 per cent interest on the balance due the state. Under the decision of the courts affirming the liability of the bondsmen for about $250,000 remaining unpaid of the state deposit of $523,000 in the bank when it closed its doors the sureties would have been compelled to pay 6 per cent interest from the date of the failure, a year ago. The legislature passed the resolution relieving them of 4 per cent of this on the plea that the regular rate of interest on state deposits in only 2 per cent, which is all the state would have received if the bank had not failed.

Bellevernon.—A playing schedule has been adopted by the Monongahela Valley league, which at the start at least will be made up of but six clubs. The season opens on May 15, with Brownsville at Roscoe, Fayette City at Bellevernon and Monongahela at Monessen. Roscoe, Fayette City and Monongahela get all the holiday games, the receipts of which will be pooled. The season closes on September 18, a total of 40 games being played. Two games a week are scheduled, one through the week and one on Saturday.

WHAT COLORS SHALL I USE?

This Question Is Important In Painting a House or Other Building.

A proper color scheme is extremely important in painting a house. It makes all the difference between a really attractive home and one at which you wouldn't take a second glance. And it makes a big difference in the price the property will bring on the market.

As to the exterior, a good deal depends upon the size and architecture of the house, and upon its surroundings. For a good interior effect you must consider the size of the rooms, the light, etc.

You can avoid disappointment by studying the books of color schemes for both exterior and interior painting, which can be had free by writing National Lead Company, 1902 Trinity Building, New York, and asking for Houseowner's Painting Outfit No. 49. The outfit also includes specifications, and a simple instrument for testing the purity of paint materials. Pure White Lead which will stand the test in this outfit will stand the weather test. National Lead Company's famous Dutch Boy Painter trademark on the keg is a guarantee of that kind of white lead.

COUNTRY IN MOVEMENT.

Meeting of National Association for Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis Will Be Largely Attended.

The fifth annual meeting of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis will be held in Washington, D. C., at the New Willard hotel, on May 13, 14 and 15. Owing to the present interest in the campaign against tuberculosis, the meeting will be of unusual interest and importance. The membership of the national association now numbers nearly 2,000, and is distributed in almost every state in the United States. The national association has also a considerable membership in Canada, Cuba, Porto Rico, Philippine islands, and in several of the European countries. Ex-President Roosevelt and Dr. William Osler are honorary vice-presidents of the national association. Dr. Vincent Y. Bowditch of Boston is the president; Mr. Homer Folks of New York city, and Dr. Charles L. Minor of Asheville, N. C., are the vice-presidents; Gen. George M. Sternberg of Washington, D. C., is treasurer; Dr. Henry Barton Jacobs of Baltimore, is secretary, and Dr. Livingston Farrand of New York is the executive secretary of the association.

ANOTHER BORING QUESTION.

"I say, pa, is a man from Poland called a Pole?"

"Yes, my son."

"Then, pa, why isn't a man from Holland called a Hole?"

A Natural Mistake.

A teacher in a Pennsylvania primary school instructed her pupils one "composition day" that they might each write her a letter making excuse for not inviting her to an imaginary birthday party.

The following effort of one little girl was decided to be the best:

"My Dear Miss Alice: It becomes my duty to apologize for not inviting you to my birthday party last week. I had fully intended to do so, but—as I always do in everything—I postponed it till the last minute. When I at last started and reached your gate, I saw the doctor's carriage standing there, and thinking some one was ill, I did not think it best to go in. What was my mortification and consternation to learn the next day that the doctor was courting your sister!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

FOOD FACTS

What an M. D. Learned.

A prominent Georgia physician went through a food experience which he makes public:

"It was my own experience that first led me to advocate Grape-Nuts food and I also know, from having prescribed it to convalescents and other weak patients, that the food is a wonderful builder and restorer of nerve and brain tissue, as well as muscle. It improves the digestion and sick patients always gain just as I did in strength and weight very rapidly.

"I was in such a low state that I had to give up my work entirely, and went to the mountains of this state, but two months there did not improve me; in fact I was not quite as well as when I left home.

"My food did not sustain me and it became plain that I must change. Then I began to use Grape-Nuts food and in two weeks I could walk a mile without fatigue, and in five weeks returned to my home and practice, taking up hard work again. Since that time I have felt as well and strong as I ever did in my life.

"As a physician who seeks to help all sufferers, I consider it a duty to make these facts public."

Trial 10 days on Grape-Nuts, when the regular food does not seem to sustain the body, will work miracles.

"There's a Reason."

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

PRESCRIPTION FOR NERVOUS MEN AND WOMEN—TRY IT

The impairment of the nervous force in men and women is first manifested by extreme nervousness, sleeplessness, dread, worry and anxiety, without reason, trembling of the hands and limbs, with the slightest exertion, heart palpitation, constipation, kidney trouble, and a general inability to act rationally at all times as others with health in their bodies do.

In a half pint bottle get three ounces of syrup sarsaparilla compound and add to this one ounce compound fluid balmwort, and let stand two hours; then get one ounce compound essence cardiol, and one ounce tincture cadomene compound (not cardamom); mix all together, shake well and take a teaspoonful after each meal and one at retiring.

UNPLEASANT OUTLOOK.

"I hope it don't rain; it'll take all de starch out of my dress."

"Yes, and if maw sees you in your best dress she'll take de starch out of you!"

CURED ITCHING HUMOR.

Big, Painful Swellings Broke and Did Not Heal—Suffered 3 Years.

Tortures Yield to Cuticura.

"Little black swellings were scattered over my face and neck and they would leave little black scars that would itch so I couldn't keep from scratching them. Larger swellings would appear and my clothes would stick to the sores. I went to a doctor, but the trouble only got worse. By this time it was all over my arms and the upper part of my body in swellings as large as a dollar. It was so painful that I could not bear to lie on my back. The second doctor stopped the swellings, but when they broke the places would not heal. I bought a set of the Cuticura Remedies and in less than a week some of the places were nearly well. I continued until I had used three sets, and now I am sound and well. The disease lasted three years. O. L. Wilson, Puryear, Tenn., Feb. 8, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Perfect Confidence.

A physician was summoned to a very sick man, who was very much preoccupied with troubles of his own. On arriving at the sick man's bed, he said to his wife: "Your husband is in the last throes. Every movement shows that the end is nearing." At this moment the sick man's head fell over the pillow, when the doctor said: "The end has come, your husband is dead."

In a shrill, thin voice the sick man said:

"'Tain't so, Maria."

At once the wife laid her hand on his head and remarked: "Don't disturb yourself, Rufus—the doctor knows best."—Harper's.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

One of Fashion's Follies.

A lady came on an odd-looking bag the other day in one of the fashionable London shops. It was in expensive leather, and seemed too large for an ordinary hand-bag; also it had a curious opening cut at one side towards the top. "Ladies use it for carrying their little dogs," the salesman explained.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

No Escape.

"The smell of smoke certainly does make me ill."

"Then why do you allow your husband to smoke so much in the house?"

"I might as well. When my husband isn't smoking the chimney is."

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes Relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. Compounded by Experienced Physicians. Murine Doesn't Smart; Soothes Eye Pain. Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for illustrated Eye Book. At Druggists.

When Love Is Young.

Mabel—Who was the best man at your wedding?

Ethel—Why, my husband, of course.

Particularly for Particular People.

Souders' Vanilla Extract is produced from fine Mexican Vanilla Beans—a pure, rich concentrated flavor. All grocers. Put up in 10, 15 and 25-cent bottles.

Defined.

"Paw, what is a 'tropical imagination?'"

"Mostly hot air, Tommy."

It's Pettit's Eye Salve,

that gives instant relief to eyes, irritated from dust, heat, sun or wind. 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Life in this world could never be so sweet or so sad if we had not been children in it.

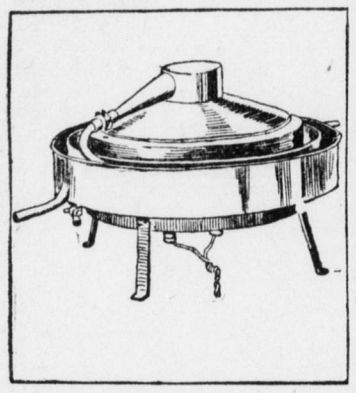
THE ELECTRICAL WORLD

ELECTRICAL WATER STILL.

Device Invented for Distilling Water That Has Capacity of One Gallon Per Hour.

One of the latest applications of electric current in the laboratory is the water still. This device has a capacity of one gallon of distilled water per hour and operates on 110 or 220 volt direct or alternating current.

The device consists of a resistance element, superimposed on which is a very shallow retort properly insulated, so as to use up all the heat energy obtainable. The dome and the inside of the retort throughout are block tin lined. Surrounding the retort is a condensing trough into which cold water is allowed to run. The condensing tube leading from the retort is immersed in this trough, and has sufficient fall to deliver the distilled water rapidly. The water supply is allowed to come in at the bottom of the trough, and absorbs the heat from the condensing tube; the upper layer of water, therefore, being warm, is utilized for filling the retort, the excess being allowed to go to waste. In this manner the water is pre-heated, and 98 per cent. of energy of the still is utilized.



Water Distilled by Electricity.

Increased Use of Electricity.

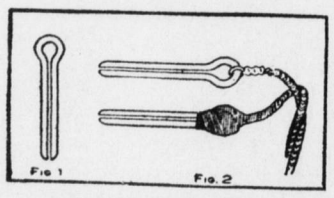
The rapidly-increasing use of electric power is remarkably illustrated by the report of the United States bureau of census upon street and other electric railroads, recently issued for 1907. It shows 4,714 establishments, as compared with 3,620 at the end of 1902, an increase of 30 per cent., of which 1,252 are municipal, the latter having increased by 53.6 per cent. The total mileage of main line is 25,547, compared with 16,651 in 1902, an increase of 53.4 per cent.; and the passengers carried total 9,533,080,766, an increase of 63.3 per cent. The fact that the total output of stations, four and three-quarter billion kilowatt hours, has increased by the much larger percentage of 110.3, would indicate an increasing sale of power for commercial and domestic purposes other than traction, while the total income of all plants having been more than doubled for an increase in plant cost of less than 100 per cent., is a tribute to the efficiency of both plant and management, as well as to the flourishing state of the industry.

High-Voltage Underground Wires.

It is only in comparatively recent years that engineers have deemed it safe to carry electric currents of high potential or voltage in underground cables buried under the streets of cities. But nowadays systems of 9,000, 11,000, 13,200 or even 20,000 volts are employed with entire reliability and safety. It is said that when local and commercial conditions justify, pressure as high as 25,000 volts can be used satisfactorily underground, even for systems aggregating 100 miles of cable. But no single line of such a system should be longer than about 20 miles. On comparatively short lengths underground or under water, as a part of a long overhead transmission line, cables operating at 40,000 volts may be used.

Cotter Pin Wire Terminals.

Good connections on the end of wires for batteries can be made from cotter pins, Fig. 1, about one and one-half inch long. Each end of the wire is put through the eye of a cotter pin, twisted around itself and soldered. The connection and eye are then covered with tape as shown in Fig. 2. When connecting to batteries, spread the pin and push the parts under the nut with one part on each side of the binding-post. When the nuts are tightened the connection will be better than with the bare wire.



Arrangement of the Pins.

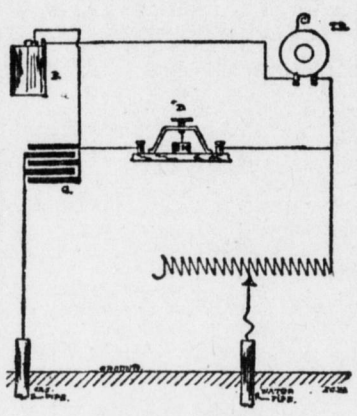
Electrical Rat Trap.

This unique device for killing rats consists of four metal plates insulated from each other. To the first and third plates is connected a wire from one side of the ordinary lighting circuit. To the second and fourth plates runs a wire from the other side of the circuit. Thus adjoining plates are of opposite polarity and a rat stepping across from one to another is electrocuted.

WIRELESS WITHOUT AERIAL.

Messages Now Received by Wireless Telegraph Without Use of Detonator in Air.

Members of Popular Electricity Wireless club will no doubt be interested in knowing how to receive messages without the use of an aerial. The diagram shows one method that may be employed. The parts of the system are as follows: (D)) is the detector, (B) the battery, (TR) the telephone receiver, (C) the condenser. A tuning coil is connected between detector and ground.



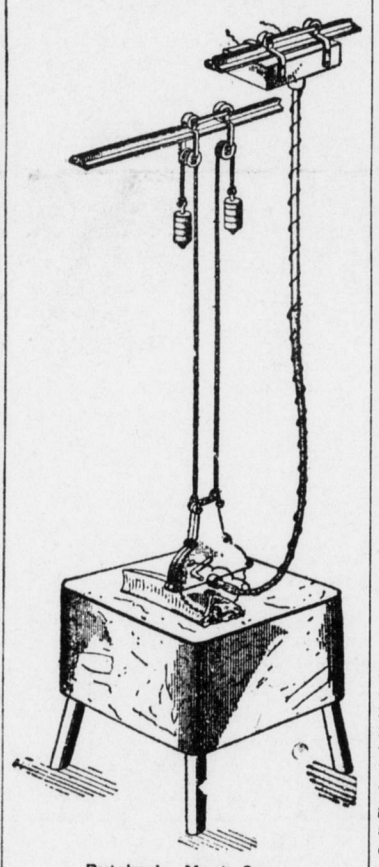
Plan for Wireless.

Connect a wire from one binding post of the detector to the battery, and from there to the telephone receiver. From the telephone receiver connect to the other binding post of the detector. Now connect another wire from the condenser to the gas pipe in your cellar. It does not make any difference what kind of a detector you use. With this outfit you should be able to receive messages for a considerable distance.

ELECTRIC MEAT SAW.

Butchers Cut Meat by Use of Saw That Is Propelled by Electricity.

A meat saw which is operated by a motor and which is easily adjusted to the work in hand is shown in the cut. The saw, which is partially inclosed in a protective housing, is suspended by cords and weights from two wheels which run on an overhead track. Another parallel track carries an electric motor from which depends a flexible shaft to turn the saw. The weights just about balance the saw and its housing so that the latter may be readily raised up out of the way when not in use.



Butcher's Meat Saw.

Aluminum Solder.

One of the things inventors have been working on for a long time is to obtain an effective solder for joining aluminum. Lack of such a solder has been one of the drawbacks in the more extensive use of aluminum in electrical work.

A new compound for this purpose has been patented. It consists of 68 parts of tin, 29 parts of zinc, two parts of antimony and one part of phosphorus, by weight. These different component parts are first thoroughly heated, separately to a liquid form, then thoroughly mixed and allowed to cool off and then used in the form of what is commonly known as bar solder.

Removing Tools from a Barrel.

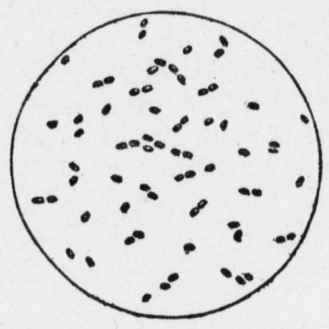
While reaming out a hole in a barrel the reamer slipped through on the inside. Several methods were applied to extract the reamer from the barrel, with failure. At last a simple device, and one easily prepared, was used with success. The device consisted of a ¾-inch gaspipe of the proper length and a piece of steel wire. The wire was bent in the middle and inserted through the gaspipe. The ends of the wire were bent in the shape shown, and by moving the wire up and down through the pipe the jaws of the wire will open and close

THE DAIRY

REASONS FOR SOURING MILK.

Lactic Acid Bacteria Cause Milk to Sour; Introduced Into Fluid in Various Ways.

Many of the lower plants find sugar a suitable food. In making use of this food, the sugar is chemically changed and in its place we find many new chemical compounds differing widely from the sugar from which they originated. Some bacteria in this process form various kinds of acids and gases. Among these is a large group of closely related bacteria which cause the souring of milk by breaking up the milk sugar into lactic acid. On account of this peculiarity they are commonly called the lactic acid bacteria. Typical lactic acid bacteria do not form gas. They do not have spores and therefore are destroyed at a comparatively low temperature. They are extremely widely distributed, and it is only under exceptional conditions that milk is obtained entirely free from them. They seldom or never occur in the udder itself, but probably are introduced into the milk with the hair, bits of feces, and dust that fall into the milk in the barn.



Typical Lactic Acid Bacteria.

Milk is an excellent medium for the growth of lactic acid bacteria, and under favorable temperature conditions they multiply with astonishing rapidity.

The acidity of the milk is so closely connected with the life processes of this group of bacteria that it may be taken as a rough measure of their development. The acid, as fast as it is formed, unites chemically with the casein, which exists as very fine particles suspended in the milk serum. When the acid reaches a certain per cent. the acid casein is precipitated and the milk is said to have "curdled" of "clabbered." This result may be hastened by heating. If milk or cream that is slightly sour is added to hot coffee, or is otherwise heated, it curdles.

Milk which has undergone a strictly lactic acid fermentation has a firm curd, free from gas bubbles and with a small amount of whey on the surface. When shaken the curd breaks up into small particles which settle slowly, leaving a clear whey. The milk should have a pleasant acid taste. So far as is known, none of the products of the bacteria of this group is of a poisonous nature.

Some of the bacteria commonly classed with lactic acid bacteria form acids other than lactic, together with large quantities of gas. Milk curdled by bacteria of this class shows gas bubbles and has a disagreeable taste.

The lactic acid bacteria not only are able to grow in an acid medium, but to a certain point the acid is a favorable influence. Many bacteria, however, find the acid detrimental to their development and are not able to grow long in milk in competition with lactic acid bacteria. When the milk begins to taste sour the growth of nearly all nonacid-forming bacteria is checked. The activity of the lactic-acid bacteria themselves is checked and finally ceases entirely when the acid reaches a certain concentration, which varies with different varieties. Consequently sour milk usually contains a nearly pure culture of one or at most two or three closely related varieties of bacteria.

While the lactic acid bacteria are considered very beneficial in butter and cheese making, they are undesirable bacteria from the standpoint of the milk dealer or consumer. It is almost out of the question absolutely to prevent their presence in milk, but the initial number may be much reduced by observing a few simple rules of cleanliness in handling the milk. Every precaution which reduces the amount of dirt in milk reduces the number of bacteria correspondingly. The important factors here are freedom from dust at time of milking, brushing the cows, wiping the udders, and small-mouthed milk pails. It is also of great importance to cool the milk as soon as possible after milking to below the temperature at which lactic acid bacteria grow rapidly. This temperature is controlled by practical conditions, such as the temperature of the water available for cooling, but it should not be higher than 50 degrees Fahrenheit.

Breeding geese must not be fat. They should have corn in limited quantities only during cold weather, and then at night. Oats steeped in warm water makes a better feed. It should be fed in V-shaped troughs. Plenty of vegetable food, such as cabbage, boiled potatoes and clover, should be supplied until the grass begins to grow and the birds go to pasture.

KEEPING PROFITABLE COWS.

Many Kept in Iowa That Do Not Pay for Their Feed and Care.

A dairy authority in Iowa asserts that there are hundreds and hundreds of cows kept for dairy purposes in Iowa which do not yield sufficient to pay for the feed which they consume, for they consume as much feed as do the profitable ones and require as much time and care in milking.

There was a time when the dairy cow was not expected to milk for more than six months in the year, but with the present high prices for labor and feed this condition of affairs can no longer profitably exist.

The lactation period should be at least nine months in length. The amount of milk a cow should produce to be profitable is variously stated at from 5,000 to 6,000 pounds annually, or sufficient to yield from 200 to 240 pounds of butter fat. This should vary, of course, with the locality, price of labor, feed, etc. However, it is safe to say that a cow with reasonably good care, that does not produce the lesser of these amounts is not a profitable animal. Yet how large a percentage of so-called dairy cows will stand this test?

In order to determine accurately a cow's usefulness as a dairy animal it is well to weigh one day's milk every week or ten days during the lactation period. At the same time a sample should be taken for testing. The time of freshening should also be noted in order to determine the length of the lactation period.

The same authority asserts that it is a good plan to keep a book account with each cow, charging her with cost of feed consumed and labor expended, and credit her with value of milk and calf. In this way it will not be difficult to pick out the non-paying individuals.

DAIRY NOTES.

Hollow concrete blocks make an ideal silo that will not crack or the contents easily freeze. Machines for making silo concrete blocks may be purchased for about $20.

With the exception of where the very best cedar is used, all wooden silos should often be painted inside and out in order to preserve the wood and to prevent leaking. For paint for this purpose, coal tar is about as good as any kind. It serves well for filling cracks and is also a good preservative.

The question of the one purpose and the dual purpose dairy cow has almost ceased to be discussed by rational dairymen. "The difference between the dual purpose dairy cow and the dairy cow," says W. D. Hoard of Wisconsin, "is just the difference between a machine that is made for its purpose and one that is not. What would you think of a man who would go out to cut grass with a sewing machine?"

When every dairyman comes to own his own farm and comes to understand the most economical use of skimmed milk and manure, dairying will become a profitable industry. The skimmed milk and manure combined may be made to represent as much as the butter fat of the dairy.

It is better to build two or three silos of narrow diameter than one of wide diameter. When silage is used for summer feeding it will keep better with small top surface exposed.

The power of production in a cow is inherited. If the cow is a good dairy animal by inheritance and is given good care and feed she will become more productive as she increases in age. The quantity rather than the quality of her milk is influenced by feed.

Partial Cow Ration.

No one should attempt to run a steam engine that was driving a modern threshing outfit with but 30 pounds of steam. Yet many dairymen attempt to get profitable results from their cows by feeding them a partial ration. They attempt to run them with but "30 pounds of steam." Chemists tell us that two-thirds of what a cow consumes goes to maintain her body. The remainder goes toward milk production.

It is evident to all that the profit must come from the feed over and above that which the cow requires for maintenance, and that the more she eats the greater will be the profit.

There are many good cows in the country that are not recognized as such, and cannot be made profitable unless they receive more feed. There is no profit in feeding partial rations to milch cows. We cannot get profitable results running cows on "30 pounds of steam." If there is a food shortage, one might better feed full rations to half the number rather than feed the many on half rations. In the latter case there will be much work and little profit. In the former, the cows are sure to give profitable returns, and the labor of caring for the herd would be much lessened. — Milk Reporter.

Milk from Either Side.

Cows are always milked from the off or right side because they have been taught that way. A cow can be milked from either side if she is brought up right, but the lessons must begin at the earliest handling of the heifer. Milk first from one side and then the other, and in a short time the heifer will not mind. It often comes handy to milk from the left side and the cows should be trained to stand for it. The man who will make a pet of his cow will have no trouble and will get greater benefit at milking time than the one who treats her as a stranger if not an enemy.

WESTERN CANADA'S HAPPY PROSPECTS.

In no year since the development of Western Canada began has spring brought a brighter outlook than it brings this year. In no preceding spring has there been greater assurance of advancing development and prosperity. The movement of immigration has already assumed large proportions, and is as desirable in character as it is satisfactory in volume; from across the Atlantic sturdy, industrious and thrifty newcomers are arriving in large numbers, homeseekers from Ontario and the other older Provinces are coming in a steady stream, and from across the international boundary a movement is already in full flow, which, it is confidently predicted, will beat the records of all previous years; special settlers' trains are crossing the line, loaded with effects, actual material wealth being thus brought into the country at the rate of millions of dollars' worth monthly.

The movement is so unprecedentedly large that extra Dominion Immigration officials have had to be provided at both North Portal and at Emerson, and it is estimated that the total number of new settlers from the United States this year will be 70,000, at least, and may run well up toward 100,000. Last year's total of new settlers from the South was 53,723; thus the area that will be placed in wheat and other grains this year will greatly exceed that of last year. Settlers are making extraordinary efforts to get on their lands and begin seeding operations. The price of wheat now, away above the dollar mark, is incentive enough, and when one has in view the splendid results that the past few years have shown, it is not to be wondered at that the present will be the banner year for Immigration to Canada. Ask your nearest Canadian Government Agent for rates of transportation, and he will also send you illustrated pamphlets.

Some men exercise as much imagination on their own excellences that they have nothing left but judgment for the good in others.

Garfield Tea has brought good health to thousands! Unequalled for constipation, liver and kidney diseases. Composed of Herbs. Buy from your druggist.

Of the 147,000,000 of Russia's population 100,000,000 are peasants.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
FOR RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
PER 375 "Guaranteed"

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

FOR OUT DOOR WORK IN THE WETTEST WEATHER NOTHING EQUALS TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED GARMENTS

THEY LOOK WELL-WEAR WELL AND WILL NOT LEAK
LONG COATS-$3.00-$3.50
SUITS $3.00
SOLD EVERYWHERE CATALOG FREE
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RIFE RAMS PUMP WATER

day and night—no expense for power, no attention needed—capacities up to 1,500 gallons a minute.
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Used by More Than Two Million Men
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Interesting Facts

The only effective and reliable remedy known for Gout, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Constipation, Headache, Biliousness and all disorder of the bowels is

DR. D. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS

For several generations they have been a household necessity for relieving and curing complaints of this kind. They are safe and sure in every instance. As a laxative, purgative and cathartic they are unexcelled.

Sold by druggists everywhere in 25c and 10c boxes

320 Acres of Wheat Land IN WESTERN CANADA

WILL MAKE YOU RICH

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Fifty bushels per acre have been grown. General average greater than in any other part of the continent. Under new regulations it is possible to secure a homestead of 160 acres free, and additional 160 acres at $3 per acre.

"The development of the country has made marvelous strides. It is a revelation, a record of conquest by settlement that is remarkable."—*Extract from correspondence of a National Editor, who visited Canada in August last.*

The grain crop of 1908 will net many farmers $20.00 to $25.00 per acre. **Grain-raising,** mixed farming and dairying are the principal industries. Climate is excellent; social conditions the best; railway advantages unequalled; schools, churches and markets close at hand. Land may also be purchased from railway and land companies.

For "Last Best West" pamphlets, maps and information as to how to secure lowest railway rates, apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the authorized Canadian Government Agent:

H. M. WILLIAMS,
Law Building. Toledo, Ohio.

Paxtine TOILET ANTISEPTIC

—NOTHING LIKE IT FOR—

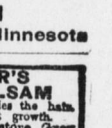
THE TEETH Paxtine excels any dentifrice in cleansing, whitening and removing tartar from the teeth, besides destroying all germs of decay and disease which ordinary tooth preparations cannot do.

THE MOUTH Paxtine used as a mouth-wash disinfects the mouth and throat, purifies the breath, and kills the germs which collect in the mouth, causing sore throat, bad teeth, bad breath, grippe, and much sickness.

THE EYES when inflamed, tired, ache and burn, may be instantly relieved and strengthened by Paxtine.

CATARRH Paxtine will destroy the germs that cause catarrh, heal the inflammation and stop the discharge. It is a sure remedy for uterine catarrh.

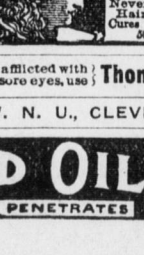
Paxtine is a harmless yet powerful germicide, disinfectant and deodorizer. Used in bathing it destroys odors and leaves the body antiseptically clean.



FOR SALE AT DRUG STORES, 50c. OR POSTPAID BY MAIL.

LARGE SAMPLE FREE!

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.



This Trade-mark Eliminates All Uncertainty in the purchase of paint materials. It is an absolute guarantee of purity and quality. For your own protection, see that it is on the side of every keg of white lead you buy.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY
1902 Trinity Building, New York

WHAT'S Your Health Worth?

You start sickness by mistreating nature and it generally shows first in the bowels and liver. A 10c box (week's treatment) of CASCARETS will help nature help you. They will do more—using them regularly as you need them—than any medicine on Earth. Get a box today; take a CASCARET tonight. Better in the morning. It's the result that makes millions take them. 881

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE
PLANTEN'S (TRADE MARK) C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES
DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 50c
H. PLANTEN & SON, 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN N.Y.

Minnesota School Land Sales

In May, June and July, 1909. 300,000 acres will be offered. $5.00 per acre and up. 15 per cent cash, balance 40 years at 4 per cent interest. Big chance for men of moderate capital. For particulars address

S. C. IVERSON
State Auditor, St. Paul, Minnesota

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

HAMLINS WIZARD OIL THE OIL THAT PENETRATES GREAT FOR PAIN

Breezy County News

HUNTLEY.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.

Electrician Paul F. Bickle, of Sterling Run, was a business caller in town Tuesday.

John Drivas has accepted a position with Foreman Dailey at Driftwood, as night watchman.

H. F. Foster enjoyed his relief day fishing, but had to shovel the snow off the ice and fish through it.

W. A. Nelson was a Driftwood caller this week.

L. H. Smith spent Saturday in Hunts Run.

A. W. Smith was a Driftwood caller this week.

John Drivas has erected a splendid monument in the Huntley cemetery over the grave of his wife, who died recently.

Elmer Hill, of Grove Hill, called on W. R. Smith Sunday.

J. F. Sullivan and Geo. Wylie were Driftwood callers this week.

J. F. S.

NORTH CREEK.

H. W. Mitchell, dentist, Emporium.

No items were sent in last week on account of sickness.

The school here closed last Friday. Some of us wish it was still going on for a while yet.

D. N. Chandler is driving a new horse which he had in training for some time.

Quite a storm we had last week. That must have been our "Cold Friday" but it was nothing like the others.

J. W. Lewis was in Emporium this week. Perhaps he was getting his voice cultivated. Think he needs something done with it after helping to move Mr. Solveson's house.

We expect to see a couple of barns in erection here soon.

Myrtle Lewis has been on the sick list this week.

Beatrice Taylor left for Houghton, N. Y., Monday to keep house for her father. She attended school here during last winter and has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Laura Brundage.

Annie and Ethel Housler were Emporium visitors Tuesday.

Tressa Britton and Bee Taylor were callers on friends here Sunday.

Will Spence seems quite busy hunting a "girl". Hope he is successful.

Mrs. Fred Solveson is some better at this writing.

Fred Solveson is busy building an addition on his house.

Mrs. Chandler is no better. Very bad news.

Lizah Atsugua.

CAMERON.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.

Still it rains.

Relief Operator C. U. Lupro is working Operator Page's trick until another is appointed for the position.

G. L. Page resigned his position as Telegraph Operator and has accepted a position with the signal crew at Kane under the supervision of D. E. Spangler

One of E. M. McFadden's cows was very badly injured Monday, account of a dog chasing her down over an embankment at the block. Better keep the dogs inside the fence, or there maybe something doing, as they make a practice of running cattle up there.

One of the mules owned by the brick works had a leg broken Thursday, while bringing a trip out of the mines, and had to be shot. This will be quite a loss to the firm.

John Yocum, who has been employed on the section, resigned and is packing up their household goods preparatory to leaving in a few days with his sister Margaret for Dunlevie, W. Va.

The Road Supervisors received a car load of tiling a few days ago and are having them distributed along the road where they are badly needed. They will make quite an improvement on our township roads.

Since the wet spell set in, the P. R. R., track walker has had quite a siege of it. Jim says he does not mind the walk but he don't like the rain, but every night he can be heard singing going up the track, "In the good old summer time," he evidently thinking of the good weather coming. He certainly has our sympathy.

R. D. Graham received a car load of ice from Emporium Tuesday, and is now filling his ice house. He says if it won't freeze on the creek he can have it made anyway.

D. B. Peterson made a business trip to Emporium Tuesday.

A. E. Jinks, Wm. McVain and Mrs. Fred Schwab were Emporium callers Friday.

Louise.

For Sale.

A desirable property, on East Fourth St., Emporium. Lot 60x120; improved by two dwelling houses. Excellent location; next door to Schlecht's Greenhouse. Apply to

Mrs. Ella McSwann,
37-tf. Emporium Pa.

SINNAMAHONING.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium

Pretty bad weather for farming. Farmers are getting behind with their work.

The flood transplanted some of Arthur Barclay's potatoes.

Amos Bennett commenced on Monday on the state road up Wykoff Run. The road will be a big help in case of forest fires.

Sheriff Norris was in town Tuesday on legal business.

The stockholders of the Star Box Co., met Saturday to adjust business matters.

O. L. Bailey and the Box Co., lost about 300 logs last week in the flood.

R. D. Walker went to Mina on Tuesday to work for the Penna Lumber Co.

Deputy Sheriff Swope was down Tuesday after a mess of those big trout that he had heard about being caught in Wykoff Run, but the water was too high for good fishing.

G. W. Gore of Oregon, was a visitor here this week. He reports getting a rainbow trout in Jerry Run 22½ inches long, but lost him before he could get his "bread hooks" on him.

John Foultz and John Logue had quite a time hauling ties one day last week, for O. L. Bailey. Both quit unless Bailey would get some one else to help.

Grove supervisors met on Monday to to adjust matters for the ensuing year.

J. H. Haynes says he is ready to cash all Grove Road orders for 1909.

Anson Logue's new mill is cutting some nice cherry and chestnut lumber. He says it runs slow but sure.

"Pap" Blodget was at Emporium Monday to get a new set of teeth, as in trying to stop one of Bill's curves last week he got his old ones badly damaged. "Pap" says that Bill's new curve is a wonder.

J. F. Sullivan is coming down Saturday to make arrangements for the ball game on Decoration Day. Mike Sullivan and Jim Batchelder will be at the train to show him the new ball ground.

The Sinnamahoning House is again open to the public.

Judge Wykoff was in town on Monday.

Prof. Gray, chemist for the Sinnamahoning Powder Co., has been making extensive tests of new blasting powder this week.

x. x. x.

RICH VALLEY.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.

Edward Extrom and wife, of the city, called on Valley friends Sunday.

Swesey school closed this week, and Elk Fork and Chadwick schools closed this week, instead of last week.

Sam Lewis, who has had a job on Mix Run, is visiting friends in the Valley this week.

Frank Caskey and wife, of Ridgway, have taken up their residence here. Mr. Caskey has a large lumber job on North Creek.

Vere Swesey has a fine new team of horses. He also sold a fine colt for a good figure.

Lost.—The Auditor's Report of Shippen Township. A suitable reward will be paid for return of said report of Shippen township by the public.

Robt. Warner, of Emporium, was on our streets Tuesday.

Geo. Carter, of Howardville, spent Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. Fred Edwards, of Cooks Run Junction, Sunday.

Amos. Norrigan is assembling material for his residence at Lockwood Station.

Bert Barr left for Hicks Run this week.

Fred Ostrum, of West Creek, was in the Valley Monday.

C. M. S.

STERLING RUN.

W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium.

Laura Strawbridge, of Johnsonbug, visited friends and relatives in town this week.

Flor Ebersole, who has been ill for some time, has returned to her work—bookkeeper for Mr. Johnson at Hicks Run.

Mae Cranton, who has been on the sick list for some time, is better at this writing.

Teoka Whiting, who is attending school at Williamsport, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents, Ed. Whiting and wife.

Mrs. John Neenan received word Tuesday that her grandfather, Mr. Fish, of Analomunk, Monroe county, was dead.

Mr. Miller after spending a week with friends and relatives in town, returned to his home at Grantonia, Tuesday.

Mrs. Nora Marks and children, of Olean, are the guest of her mother, Mrs. S. L. Bunce.

Albert Smith left Tuesday for Beech Creek to attend the funeral of an uncle.

Miss R. L. Brink has been suffering with a severe cold this week.

William Baglay's wife and three daugters arrived in town Friday. They are now settled in their new home. The Alpine House. Mrs. M. A. Furlong, former proprietor and family will soon leave for Pittsburg. Her many friends regret to see them leave and wish them much happiness in their new home.

The farmers are at a standstill on account of the heavy rain and flood. The like has not been known for years in this section.

James Chapman only son of George Chapman and wife, died Sunday. Funeral services were held at his late home, Rev. Shank officiating; interment at Sterling Run cemetery. George Chapman and wife are very feeble. He being in his 95th year. James was 60 years old.

Mrs. Nancy Russell returned home the past week from a two weeks visit with friends and relatives at Sinnamahoning and up the Fork.

Quite a number of our town people attended the funeral of Mrs. C. F. Barclay, at Sinnamahoning last Friday. She having a number of relatives in this section.

The viewers appointed to view the site for a public bridge near the village of Sterling Run, will meet at the proposed site to make said view at one o'clock, May 7.

Luiggi De Tetta left for Philadelphia Tuesday to visit his sister.

Blue Bell.

A Quiet Home Wedding.

Miss Kathryn Teressa Johnson, daughter of P. R. R., Foreman, W. W. Johnson, and Selburn Logue, second son of Mrs. Frances Logue were married at 1:30 p. m., Saturday, May 1st, at the residence of the bride's father in Huntley, by the Rev. Samuel Ebersole, of Sterling Run. Only a few of the relatives and friends were present. The bride is one of Huntley's estimable and popular young ladies and is the second eldest daughter of Foreman Johnson. The happy groom is one of our town boys and is a steady, industrious young man. The young couple will begin housekeeping in the house recently vacated by J. E. Johnson.

The Huntley band was out in full force Saturday evening and played the wedding march and other popular airs for the benefit of the bride and groom, after which a fine supper was served for all. Everybody had a fine time and extended hearty congratulations to the happy pair. We wish them a long life of happiness and prosperity.

J. F. S.

Some Handicaps.

"Sir, I wish to marry your daughter," faltered the young man.

"You do, eh?" exclaimed the fond parent. "Well, I have been rather expecting this, and, to be thoroughly orthodox, I shall put a few questions to you. Do you drink?"

"No, sir. I abhor liquor."

"You do, eh? Smoke?"

"I never use tobacco in any form."

"Well, I didn't suppose you ate it. Do you frequent the race tracks?"

"I never saw a horse race in my life, sir."

"Um-m-m! Play cards for money?"

"Emphatically no, sir."

"Well, young man, I must say you are heavily handicapped. My daughter is a thorough society girl, and I can't for the life of me see what she is going to do with you. However, it's her funeral, and if she wants to undertake the job—why, God bless you both!"—Washington Post.

Woman's Work.

After dinner the other evening Mr. and Mrs. Brown started to speak of their respective duties, and soon an argument as to whether the husband or the wife had the hardest work to perform was in full swing. First Brown warbled and then wifey sang.

"A wife," argued the good lady, "has to cook, wash dishes, clothe the kids, scrub the floors, sweep the house, make the beds, build the fires, carry up coal, nail slats on the back fence, dig"—

"Is that all?" sarcastically interrupted Mr. Brown.

"No," was the prompt rejoinder of Mrs. Brown. "In addition to those duties every wife has to keep her husband from making a fool of himself."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Anchored Him.

"I was at a reception with a certain young lady the other night," said a man who always tells the truth, "and her father was there too. He doesn't think much of me, and he followed us about from room to room—wouldn't let us get out of his sight for a minute. Well, I knew the old man was an awful tight wad, so I thought up a scheme. I carelessly dropped a half dollar on the floor while he was looking. He moved over and put his foot on it and never stirred until the party broke up. Meanwhile daughter and I beat it and enjoyed ourselves."—Cleveland Leader.

Saving Cuff Addresses.

Folded up with the laundry bill was another slip of paper, on which were several lines of fine writing.

"What is this?" asked the new customer.

"Those are the addresses we copied off your cuffs," said the clerk. "We always make a record of the addresses we find on cuffs and return them with the laundry, so if our customers have not put them down any place else they won't be lost."—New York Press.

When There Was More of It.

An old chap with hardly a hair on his head snapped at the young barber on the completion of a hair cut:

"You are not the thorough workman your father was, my boy. He used to take a good half hour to cut my hair."

More Than Liberal.

Mr. Highmus—You gave your son a liberal education, did you not? Mr. Muntoburn—Disgustingly liberal. His four years at college cost me $27,000.—Chicago Tribune.

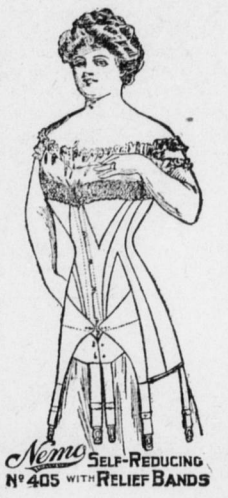
The greatest man in the world may stand as much in need of the meanest as the meanest does him.—Fuller.

NEMO NEW AMERICAN SHAPE SHOWN DURING Nemo WEEK

TRIPLE STRIP

Nemo Week for 1909 begins on Monday, May 3.

We have made great preparations for this event, and want every one of our women patrons to come and hear Fashion's latest word on the all-important subject of corsets.



The Nemo "New American Shape" Corsets are recognized in every fashion-centre of Europe and America as producing the correct contour for the fashions of 1909.

Come and learn "how to be comfortable though stylish"—how to be fashionably slender without breaking the laws of health.

There's a Nemo Model for Every Figure

Wonderful new models in the famous Nemo Self-Reducing Corsets, and equally important specialties for slender and medium figures.

Don't miss Nemo Week! It is an annual fashion-event of much interest to every maid and matron—an educational event of unusual importance. *Come!*

New Novelties Just Arrived.

"Senorits" silk spun scarfs are the very latest. They can be used both as a scarf or veil, are two yards long and 15 inches wide and come in beautiful colors. Prices each **$1.00**

"JET is very fashionable. Jet Buckles, Pins, Barrets and other novelties are here in splendid variety.

"Dutch Collars", new embroidered designs 25c to $1.00.

"Niagara Maid" Silk Gloves just arrived in Old Rose, Coppenhagen, Blue, Tan, Black, White. Wrist lenghts per pair..... **50c**

SPECIAL! Friday we shall put on sale Ladies Dressing Saques, made of pretty Persian Lawn, at less than cost of material. Each **25c**

Our Store

This store is never idle! While our surprise is engaging your attention we're planning something new. Business either goes forward or backward. There is no such thing as standing still, and we provide against all contingencies by constantly forging ahead. You need to remember that many goods in the store just now are are at prices far below value, and therefore limited in quantity. When lots are big enough to go round we say so. But many of the best bargain chances don't get into the papers for the reason that we have not enough of the goods to advertise. It's the wise buyer that visits the store often.

Special Sales NOW GOING ON Ladies Spring Coats, much less than cost. Handsome Embroideries, much under value Ladies Shirt Waists at astonishing low prices.

New Millinery We have just received many new shapes in untrimmed Straw Hats' also the Banded Sailor Hats and many novelties for children. Our assortment of Trimmed Hats is up to date and all our prices are most reasonabbe.

Ladies Suits There is a style and refinement about our suits which is not often equalled in ready made garments. To-day, the best dressed ladies in Cameron county are wearing our suits.

R. KUEHNE, Emporium's Greatest Store

Painting and Pape Hanging.

I do reliable and durable painting, interior and exterior natural wood finishing, graining, paper hanging, artistic and plain decorating. Twenty-six years practical experience enables me to give you the BEST at the LOWEST COST.

I can supply you with the best paint on the market and pure white lead. Would be pleased to show you the latest things in wall paper. All labor and material guaranteed just as represented.

8-tf. F. H. Pearsall.

Foley's Kidney Remedy

Cures Backache, Kidney and Bladder Trouble.

It corrects irregularities, strengthens the kidneys so they will eliminate the impurities from the blood and tones up the whole system.

Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at once and avoid Bright's Disease or Diabetes. 50. and $1.00 bottles.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and bladder, purifies the blood and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence to-day? Sold by all druggists.

A CARD

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Noled's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough, heals the lungs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package.

May Carnival.

A May Carnival will be held at the Emporium opera house on Wednesday evening, May 12, 1909, for the benefit of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Trotter. Mrs. H. H. Mullin, who has charge of the entertainment. will be assisted by Messrs. H. A. Hayes and W. S. Sterner, A May Queen, selected by vote, will be crowned. A coupon in the Press entitles one vote for the most popular young lady in Emporium, over 16 years of age. Young ladies desiring to enter the contest will please send their names to Mrs. Mullin at once. The one receiving the most votes will be given as a premium, $5.00 in trade at any one store in Emporium. The contest will close May 8th. Mail your votes to Mrs. H. H. Mullin each week. Another feature of the entertainment will be a May pole dance. This dance will be given by four couples, under the direction of Mr. Hayes. Dancing will be indulged in until one o'clock, p. m. Good music will be in attendance. Price of admission will be ladies 25c and gentlemen 50c. This is a worthy cause. Don't fail to attend.

Date.....1909

ONE VOTE FOR

Miss.....

FOR

May Queen

At Opera House, Wednesday Evening, May 12th, 1909.